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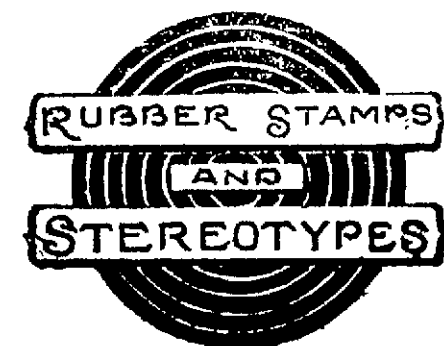
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UP FOR GOVERNOR

Commonwealth Coxey Now a Candi-
date in Ohio.

CONVENTION WAS TURBULENT

Turkey Claims a Big In-
demnity From Greece.

China Resents Russia's Railroad
Advances Into Her
Territory.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, August 11.—Fus-
sion was repudiated today by the Popu-
lists of Ohio in a most emphatic man-
ner. The Populist State Convention,
by an overwhelming majority, severed
the alliance made a year ago with the
Democracy on the free-silver issue and
nominated a full State ticket, headed
by Jacob Coxey of "Commonwealth"
fame as the nominee for Governor. Tur-
bulent scenes marked the conven-
tion. At one point when Peter Witt, a
delegate, charged that the Republican
party leaders had bought up the conven-
tion, a score of delegates jumped to
their feet, crowding around the chair
on which Witt stood.

When one of the delegates attempted
to pull Witt off the chair the latter
struck at the delegate and a general
melee ensued, in which several blows
were exchanged and chairs raised
aloft in a threatening manner. A po-
liceman who was present rushed up
and interrupted the hostilities, and a
few minutes later a platoon of police
reached the convention hall, and Witt
proceeded after quiet had been re-
stored, with a bluecoat in each aisle.
The police remained until the conven-
tion took a final adjournment.

CHINA REFUSES.
Will Not Accept Russian Money in
Building Railroad.

VANCOUVER, B. C., August 11.—
The Shanghai Daily Press recently
mentioned that China will not use Rus-
sian money, though offered, for the
building of her railways in Manchuria.
The report has been corroborated by
the Shen Pao, which has a paragraph
from its Peking correspondent to the
same effect, with a further statement
that after the Russian offer was de-
clined the special ambassador tried to
get the Chinese to consent to build
their railways with the same gauge as
the Russian, thereby enabling the cars
to cross each other's lines to the ad-
vantage of the commerce of both
countries. The Peking Government has
declined its consent to this proposal.
The comments of the press are to the
effect that China fears the growing
power of Russia in the Orient.

Advices from Vladivostok state that
the Russian Government intends to
make an attempt to keep the port open
all the year round. A tremendous ice
boat, built in Denmark, has been
brought around from Europe, and the
inventors, who accompanied the ves-
sel, are sanguine of success.

Philippine Disturbances.

VANCOUVER, B. C., August 11.—
Dispatches from Japan by the Empress
of Japan, say that the situation in the
Philippines is serious. According to
Manila exchanges, the rebellion con-
tinues as briskly as ever and reports
are given of some serious skirmishes
between the Spanish soldiers and re-
bels in various provinces.

A report has been circulated in well-
informed circles in Manila that the
Governor-General has sent a moment-
ous telegram to the Madrid Govern-
ment amounting to an ultimatum. He
gives the Government three alterna-
tives—expulsion from the Philippines
of the religious orders, or failing in
this, the immediate dispatch of 40,000
troops from Spain to effectively quell
the rebellion. In the event of the re-
fusal of either of the above, to accept
his resignation. The Chamber of Com-
merce in Manila is alarmed at the seri-
ous fall in exchange due to the intro-
duction of the new Philippine dollar.

A Change in German Officers.

BERLIN, August 11.—The Reichzan-
gler officially announces that Count
Posadowsky-Wehner, the new Vice-
Chancellor and Imperial Foreign Sec-
retary, is appointed to represent the
Chancellor in the capacity of the su-
preme head of the Reichsbank, and
that the Baron von Thielmann, late
German Ambassador to the United
States, who was yesterday appointed
Privy Councillor with the title of Ex-
cellency, and today made a member of
the Bundesrath, is appointed to rep-
resent the Chancellor in all the finan-
cial affairs of the Empire, in accord-
ance with the act of 1878. This an-
nouncement appeared too late this
evening for comment by the Berlin press,

but it is a most important move, as
indicating the temporary ascendancy
of the Agrarian, Protection and Bi-
metallist parties.

SHERMAN'S REPLY TO JAPAN.
It Will Be Brief and Conciliatory
in Tone.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—It is un-
derstood that the reply of Secretary
Sherman to the last Japanese protest
against the annexation of Hawaii will
be brief by comparison with the long
letters that have gone before, but will
be conciliatory in tone. This is ac-
counted for by the fact that the State
Department has taken note of the pub-
lished utterances of the eminent Jap-
anese statesmen, which, while unoffi-
cial, are still of undoubted authentic-
ity, all going to show that Japan her-
self has no designs upon the Islands,
but seeks to conserve the legal rights
of the Japanese.

MUST BE PAID FIRST.

Turkey Unwilling to Re-sign Posses-
sion of Thessaly.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 10.—
The Peace Conference met again to-
day at Tophaneh Kiosk, and Tewfik
Pasha, Turkish Minister for Foreign
Affairs, submitted proposals regarding
the evacuation of Thessaly, the indem-
nity and other issues involved. This is
likely to cause a tedious delay.

The difficulty seems to turn on the
question of the evacuation. The Pow-
ers informed Greece that Turkey lacked
the means to withdraw troops from
Thessaly unless £1,000,000 of indemnity
was paid down.

They asked the Greek Government
if it would be impossible, except by
the aid of a foreign loan, which the
proposed scheme of control precluded.

TO WATER ARID PLAINS.

DENVER, Colo., August 11.—Colonel
Balcom of New York arrived in Den-
ver today to make arrangements to
carry forward a gigantic irrigating
project in Western Colorado and Utah,
in which he has become interested.
The plan is to irrigate Mesa county,
Cal., and Grand Canyon, Utah. The
canal will start at the head of Platte
Creek, above Grand Junction, following
the Grand River and then branching off
to the west, running through a now
practically arid section. In the first
six miles the canal will irrigate 80,000
acres in Colorado alone and 20,000 in
Utah, provided the Utah State govern-
ment consents to build a two-mile tun-
nel, through which the water would be
conveyed. The water will be drawn
from the Grand River. The Plateau-
Grand Canal Company has been incor-
porated to carry out the enterprise.

Soon to Be Reconciled.

BERLIN, August 12.—The Lokal An-
zeiger says that the Dowager Empress
Frederick has paved the way for a re-
conciliation between Emperor William
and Crown Princess Sophia of Greece.
The Crown Princess will shortly visit
the Emperor and Empress. It will be
her first visit to them since her entry
into the Greek Church.

THE WAYSIDE INN.

Made By Longfellow and Now
Becoming Popular.

Longfellow's famous Wayside Inn is
becoming a veritable Canterbury for
literary pilgrims, says the Springfield
Republican. The old Howe tavern,
known all over the world from the
"Tales of a Wayside Inn," was re-
opened this spring as a summer resort,
and it has made the town of Sudbury
a very popular place. Though the sea-
son is still young, says a writer in
the Boston Herald, over a thousand
pilgrims have found their way to the
hostelry. The members of the Long-
fellow family have taken great interest
in the reopening of the old tavern, and
Mrs. Rich and Henry Dana and Mrs.
Annie Longfellow Thorpe have been
among the first guests.

A great transformation has taken
place in the inward appearance of the
tavern. The rooms are now enriched
by countless examples of antique fur-
niture and china, paintings and bric-
a-brac worth several thousand dollars.
The host of the tavern, Edward R. Le-
mon, has been collecting these articles
for a number of years.

Among those of historic interest are
the Howe coat of arms, alluded to in
the "Tales"; a mirror owned by Squire
Lyman Howe, the landlord in Longfel-
low's time; a window pane written on
with a diamond by Maj. William Mol-
leux, and now carefully framed; a bu-
reau used by Squire Howe; a thimble
of Miss Jerusha, a sister of Squire
Lyman Howe; an engraving of the land-
ing of the British troops at Boston.
The work of Paul Revere; an original
silhouette of Gen. George Washington
by Annesley; a chair once owned by
John Adams; an engraving of the
Boston massacre; a powder horn, can-
teen and bayonet used in the War of
the Revolution by Obadiah Perry of
Sudbury; and others of ancient pattern
taken from the Walker garrison-house
the only remaining structure of its
kind in the town; an old jug used by
General Gansevoort of Gansevoort
Saratoga County, N. Y.; a portrait en-
graving of James Madison; an oil
portrait of Thomas Jefferson; a por-
trait in oil of Bishop Thomas Berkeley
the philosopher, and an old portrait of
Capt. Eleazer Gilles, privateersman of
Beverly.

In the old taproom, or the main of-
fice, may be seen 13 chairs of antique

patterns, original furnishings of Ad-
miral Farragut's flagship Hartford; a
desk owned and used by Daniel Web-
ster in Hanover, N. H.; an engraving
by Sharp, after John Trumbull, of the
sortie made by the garrison of Gibrat-
rar on the morning of November 27,
1781; an engraving by Sharp, after
John Singleton Copley, of the siege and
relief of Gibraltar, published in 1810;
four lanterns, two ancient clocks and
many other curiosities.

The new proprietor of the Wayside
Inn has named his different rooms in
honor of famous characters. There are
the ones selected: Washington, Paul
Revere, Longfellow, Ole Bull, Howe,
Parsons, Lafayette, Emerson, Thoreau
and Greene.

LONDON'S POPULATION.

Census Figures Show Some Pec-
uliar Facts.

The New York Times says that
London's population continues to in-
crease rapidly, but recent census fig-
ures reveal a change in the character
of this growth which has both sur-
prised and puzzled the English statis-
ticians. Up to times comparatively re-
cent the city's increase was chiefly at
the expense of the country districts
and of other lands, the number of
births within the metropolitan limits,
when not less than the number of
deaths, being not nearly enough in ex-
cess. Thus, in the period of 1871-80 the
increase in population was more than



PREMIER CANOVAS DEL CASTILLO.

100,000 in excess of the births over the
deaths. In the years 1881-90, however,
the balance was the other way, the ad-
dition to the population being nearly
75,000 less than the natural increase.
In the period, 1891-95, the excess of
births over deaths was 230,000, but the
actual increase in the population was
slightly less than 200,000. From these
figures, it appears either that London-
born children are the victims of an ex-
cessive death-rate, or else that the op-
portunities to be found in the great
capital are no longer attractive enough
to satisfy its native inhabitants, large
numbers of whom, therefore, have been
led to seek their fortunes elsewhere.
The problem is a rather obscure one,
and the new social current has not
yet been flowing long enough to make
easy a determination of its direction,
extent and cause.

THEIR AIM UNTRUE.

Chinese Need Some Practice With
Guns.

The North China Daily News tells an
amusing incident illustrative of the
poor aim of the gunners in charge at
the fort at Woosung. H. M. S. Im-
mortalite arrived and anchored outside
the spit buoy recently, and the next mor-
ning unmoored preparatory to steam-
ing in to the anchorage, when one of
the guns in the fort was fired and the
shot fell into the water some 200 yards
from the ship. This was followed by
another, the shot falling still nearer to
the Immortalite. Thinking, naturally,
that he was being fired upon, Captain
Chichester had the ship cleared for ac-
tion, magazines opened and ammuni-
tion passed up. The guns were trained
on the fort and the ship steamed slowly
in to the anchorage with crew at
quarters. No more shots were fired,
however, and it was afterwards ex-
plained that the guns were fired for the
edification of a Chinese official, and
that those in charge thought that the
Immortalite was farther out of range
than she really was. Ample apologies
were tendered and what might have
been a very serious matter ended satis-
factorily.

It is always gratifying to receive tes-
timonials for Chamberlain's Colic,
Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and
when the endorsement is from a phy-
sician it is especially so. "There is no
more satisfactory or effective remedy
than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and
Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Dr. R. E.
Robey, physician and pharmacist, of
Olney, Mo.; and as he has used the
Remedy in his own family and sold it
in his drug store for six years, he
should certainly know. For sale by all
druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith
& Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

CANOVAS IS DEAD

Spain's Premier Shot Down By
An Assassin.

TO AVENGE ANARCHISTS' DEATH

Sherman's Health Said
to Be Impaired.

Turkey Will Not Release Thessaly
Until Big Indemnity Is
Assured.

MADRID, Spain, August 8.—Senor
Canovas del Castillo, Prime Minister
of Spain, was assassinated today at

ures, of which we have plenty at our
disposal. We have nothing to do with
M. Stollhoff in this matter. It is Prince
Ferdinand's duty to atone for his Pre-
mier's abominable conduct."

HIS MEMORY IMPAIRED.
Report That Secretary Sherman Is
Rapidly Failing.

NEW YORK, August 10.—A special
to the Times from Washington says:
An effort is in progress by influential
friends of Secretary Sherman to induce
him to leave Washington and go to
some quiet retreat, where he can rest
until fall, and it is the belief inside of
Administration circles that he will go
out of the Cabinet soon after the No-
vember elections.

Secretary Sherman's bad condition of
health and mind is no longer concealed
even by his friends. It was the hope,
in fact, the understanding, when he
went to Long Island that he would re-
main there until the President returned
to Washington. His sudden return to
Washington was wholly unexpected,
and the results to the diplomatic rela-
tions of the United States have been
embarrassing.

Today Sherman made an absolute
denial of all interviews concerning Can-
ovas's assassination that appeared in
the newspapers Monday morning. He
seems to remember none of the occur-
rences of Sunday night, when he
brought his chair out on the front stoop
and newspaper men gathered around
him and he gave out a variety of in-
terviews. The Secretary's condition is
painful to his friends. A physical col-
lapse at any time would create no sur-
prise.

CUBANS WIN A VICTORY.
Rosalia Surprised in Midst of Cele-
brations.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The Sun's
Havana cable says: General Calixto
Garcia has won a great victory over
the Spanish troops at the town of San-
ta Rosalia, near Gibara, in Santiago de
Cuba Province. The town was sur-
prised by the insurgent troops while a
big ball was in progress, at which nearly
all the Spanish officers were in at-
tendance.

At the height of the festivities the
ball room was fireily attacked on all
sides by the insurgents. The few offi-
cers who were in charge of the garri-
son and at the outposts had already
surrendered. A few soldiers running
from the barracks arrived at the ball
room some minutes before the Cu-
bans and gave the alarm. The officers
rushed to the door to escape, but it was
too late.

The Spanish officers surrendered and
were taken prisoner to Gen. Calixto
Garcia. The entire town fell into the
hands of the Cubans without resistance.

At a late hour the report is current
that General Molina was killed in an
engagement with the Cubans near Car-
denas.

THE LAMBETH CONFERENCE.
American Church Autonomy Was
Well Recognized.

LONDON, August 11.—Rt. Rev. Hen-
ry B. Whipple, Bishop of Minnesota,
who has been one of the most promi-
nent among the Bishops in attendance
upon the Lambeth Conference, writes
of the conference: "I think the Ameri-
can Bishops won the respect and love
of their English brethren. There was
a strong unanimity of feeling with all
the American Bishops that while in
fraternal love and brotherly sympathy
our hearts are one with the church in
England and the Colonies in defense
of the faith and in the work of our Sav-
ior, yet they stand and always will
stand on the rights of the national
church with its peculiar responsibilities
to God and his children. English and
colonial brethren all recognize that
this is their position.

A dispatch from Rome says that the
Vatican is disappointed that the ec-
umenical of the Pan-Anglican, or Lam-
beth Conference, does not favor a re-
approachment between the English and
Romish churches.

THE GRAIN ARRIVES
Safe Passage of Boat Carrying Food
to India.

NEW YORK, August 10.—The fol-
lowing cablegram has just been re-
ceived:

"CALCUTTA, August 10.—The City
of Everett arrived safe and sound, her
cargo in good condition. Met Bishop
Thoburn. Arrangements for distribu-
tion perfect. Cargo is more acceptable
even than expected. HOBBS."

Rev. R. G. Hobbs sailed from San
Francisco on June 12th on the whale-
back steamer City of Everett, in charge
of a cargo of corn given to the India
famine sufferers by the people of the
United States. He will now turn the
cargo over to the Interdenominational
Missionary Committee, of which Bishop
Thoburn of the Methodist Episcopal
Church is chairman, and it will be
systematically apportioned among the
missionaries in the famine districts for dis-
tribution among the suffering natives.

GERMANY'S NEW PROTEST.
Takes Exception to the Dingley
Tariff on Sugar

LONDON, August 9.—The Berlin cor-
respondent of the Times says: The
fresh German protest to the United
States on the subject of sugar differs
from the former protest, in being a
written one. It is a concession to agri-
cultural agitation and therefore does not
pass unchallenged here. It is not yet
known whether the protest represents
an isolated act on the part of Germany
or whether it is taken in conjunction
with other Governments, some of
which have more ground for complaint
than Germany.

More cases of consumption appear
among needle-makers and file-makers
than any other class of laborers.

TEN INNING GAME

Score Stands Four Even at End of Ninth Inning.

HART MAKES WINNING RUN

Captain Thompson Enters Protest.

Claims He Did Not Leave the Line.
Holt Makes Two Beautiful Running Catches.

The game between the Star and St. Louis Teams was delayed until 3:45 Saturday afternoon, on account of the failure to agree upon an umpire, in the absence of George Angus, and also on account of the delay in arrival of the Stars' first baseman, Robert Pahau, unavoidably detained.

E. R. Adams was finally agreed on as umpire and called the game. The St. Louis boys won the toss and went first to bat. The teams and their batting orders were as follows:

St. Louis.—J. Thompson, 2b.; C. Willis, 1b.; C. Alwohl, rf.; P. Gleason, ss.; Clark, 3b.; B. Lemon, p.; J. Hansman, cf.; C. J. Holt, lf.; D. Dayton, c.

Stars.—P. Lishman, ss.; L. Hart, p.; H. Wilder, c.; S. Mahuka, 2b.; R. Pahau, 1b.; T. Pryce, 3b.; Woods, cf.; S. D. Koki, lf.; McNichol, rf.

FIRST INNING.

Thompson hit to shortstop for out at first. Willis hit in the same place, but Lishman let the ball go through his fingers and the runner got first. Alwohl struck out after getting three balls. Willis stole second. Gleason went to the bat without shoes and hit to third. Pahau fumbled the ball at first, making Gleason safe and advancing Willis to third. Clark hit toward first, but Pahau got back to the base before his arrival.

Hansmann muffed Lishman's high fly. Lishman stole second and Hart went out on an assist from short to first. Wilder made a good hit between first and second. The ball was thrown home for Lishman, but it was too late. Dayton then threw to Gleason, who was on second, and Wilder was put out. Mahuka made a clean hit and stole second. Then Pahau followed suit, while Mahuka came in. Pryce flew out to Holt. Two runs.

SECOND INNING.
McNichol could not reach Lemon's fly, the ball went past him and the batter made three bags. Hansman flew out to Lishman, who made a fine running catch. Again the ball went into McNichol's territory and again the same story. Holt got two bases, while Lemon came home. Dayton went out on an assist from Hart to first, and Holt stole third. Thompson struck out. One run.

Woods flew out to Willis. Koki made a short hit near the home plate, but Lemon got it to first in plenty of time. The wind howled sadly through the trees as Duke McNichol struck out.

THIRD INNING.

Willis struck out and Alwohl flew out to Woods. Gleason went out on an assist from third to first.

Lishman flew out to Holt. Hansman made a pretty muffed Hart's high fly, giving him first. Hart stole second and Wilder hit between right and center fields for one bag. Wilder stole second and Mahuka flew out to Dayton. Hart came home on a passed ball. Pahau went out on an assist from Lemon to first. One run.

FOURTH INNING.

Clark knocked a hot one just over second baseman's head, and Lemon flew out to McNichol. Hansman flew out to Woods. Holt sent a clean one-bagger down near first base. Dayton hit for safe on first and Clark tried to get home. He changed his mind and made for third again, but Hart sent the ball to Pryce and put the runner out.

Pryce went out on assist from short to first, and Woods from Lemon to first Koki hit safe into right and McNichol flew out on a high fly to Alwohl.

FIFTH INNING

Thompson went out on an assist from short to first. Willis hit safe into left field for one base, and then stole second, the ball was fumbled at second giving Willis third and then he walked proudly home on a wild throw to third. Alwohl went out on first. Pahau went off to catch his ball, and Mahuka took his place on first. Gleason went out on an assist from short to first. One run.

Lishman went out on an assist from short to first and Hart followed suit. Wilder flew out on a foul to Dayton.

SIXTH INNING

Clark went out on an assist from short to first and Lemon on another from second to first. Hansman went out on an assist from short to first.

Mahuka made a two-bagger on close fielding. Pahau went out on an assist from second to first. Pryce made a two-bagger to center, and Mahuka came home. Woods hit to Thompson who threw to third to catch Pryce, but

Clark muffed the ball. Dayton threw to Thompson, apparently for Woods. Pryce bit and came home, but the ball came back from second, and he was caught at the plate. Koki struck out. One run.

SEVENTH INNING.

Holt flew out to Hart on a pop-up fly. Dayton struck nit three times and got first on a passed ball as he fanned his last time. Thompson hit to Lishman. The ball went to second for Dayton out, and to first for Thompson, a very fine double play.

Wilder was out on an assist from short to first and Lishman on a foul to Clark. Hart sent a very hard fly to Holt, but the fielder was right there and made a beautiful catch.

EIGHTH INNING.

Holt hit over left fielder's head for two bags, and Alwohl went to first on four straight balls. Gleason made a sacrifice hit to Lishman and Clark struck out. Lemon made a clean one-bagger into center, bringing in Holt and Alwohl. Score tied. Two runs.

Wilder sent a hot liner into Thompson's glove, Mahuka hit into center for one bag and fine fielding saved him from getting second. Mahuka stole second. Pahau struck out. Pryce went out on an assist from Hart to first.

NINTH INNING.

Hansman went out on an assist from short to first and Holt followed suit. Lishman did fine work in stopping this ball. Hart made a pretty stop of Dayton's hit. He fell, caught the ball and put it to first in very short order.

Woods got his base on balls. Koki struck out. McNichol went out on a fine assist from second to first. Woods advanced to second. Lishman hit far out into left. Holt made the preflight running catch ever seen on the Makiki field and was applauded until he got tired of taking off his hat. From the grandstand, it looked as if a catch of Lishman's fly was absolutely impossible.

TENTH INNING.

Thompson went to first on a nice knock on the head, which necessitated hard rubbing. Holt flew out to Koki in left. Alwohl hit to short and Thompson was caught at second. The ball was then thrown to first and Alwohl declared out. This, of course, made three out.

Captain Thompson was not satisfied with this decision of Umpire Adams, and immediately filed a protest, claiming that when Mahuka chased him with the ball, as he was endeavoring to make second, he did not touch him, also, that he did not leave the line, as claimed, but slid under the baseman and made second base. This statement is backed up by a number of the spectators who were in carriages on a line with the line between the first and second bases. They say Thompson was entitled to his base. A man who had put up \$20 on the Stars, refused at the end of the game, to take the money from the stakeholder, he declaring that Thompson was plainly not out. Thompson further claims that Alwohl was not out at first, he having arrived there before the ball.

Hart got first on Clark's fumble, and went two bases on a passed ball. Wilder hit safe into right field, bringing Hart home and winning the game for the Stars.

Following is a correct summary of the game:

STARS.									
A.	B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.			
Lishman, ss.	5	1	0	1	9	1			
Hart, p.	5	2	0	1	4	0			
Wilder, c.	5	0	3	4	0	1			
Mahuka, 2b.	4	2	3	4	3	1			
Pahau, 1b.	4	0	1	15	1	0			
Pryce, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1	1			
Woods, cf.	3	0	1	2	2	0			
Koki, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	0			
McNichol, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0			
Totals	38	5	10	30	20	4			

ST. LOUIS.

A.	B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.			
Thompson, 2b.	4	0	0	1	4	0			
Willis, 1b.	5	2	2	12	0	0			
Alwohl, rf.	4	1	0	1	1	0			
Gleason, ss.	4	0	0	1	4	0			
Clark, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0	2			
Lemon, p.	4	1	2	0	4	0			
Hansman, cf.	4	0	0	0	0	3			
Holt, lf.	4	0	2	4	0	0			
Dayton, c.	4	0	1	7	1	1			
Totals	37	4	8	27	14	6			

*Winning run scored in tenth inning, with none out.

SUMMARY.

Earned runs: St. Louis, 2. Two-base hits: Willis, Holt, Pahau. Three-base hit: Lemon. Stolen bases: Willis, 2; Hart, 2; Mahuka, 2; Holt, Lishman and Woods. Sacrifice hits: Gleason, Pahau. Double plays: Lishman, Mahuka and Pahau; Mahuka and Pahau. Base on balls: Off Hart, 1; off Lemon, 1. Hit by pitched ball: Thompson. Struck out: By Hart, 5; by Lemon, 4. Passed balls: Dayton, 2. Left on bases: St. Louis 5; Stars, 6. Time: One hour and 22 minutes. Umpire: E. R. Adams. Scorer: W. M. Blackley.

NOTES.

Holt made the prettiest plays of the day. His two running catches were phenoms.

The small boys who mark up the runs and goose eggs are a bit previous in the way they anticipate.

The umpiring of Adams was very good. The only question raised was on the decision in the first half of the tenth inning.

Nigel Jackson was added to the list of Star catchers. He did not make quite as much noise as was expected.

The fielding in Saturday's game was good all around. McNichol was a bit slow in two very good chances, and Hansman had an off day. Two flies fell right in his hands and he dropped them like hot potatoes.

The ball did not go off the field for three innings, rather an unusual occurrence, particularly since Thompson was at the bat during that time.

Excellent order was kept in the grand stand and less of the disagreeable features took place than upon any previous occasion of the kind. The as-

sociation did well to station Captain Bowers at the place during the progress of the games.

The enthusiasm on the part of the audience immediately above the reporters' box was not appreciated below. There was a perfect shower of dirt during the exciting parts of the game. Thompson's protest was sent in Sunday morning, and it is likely that the meeting for the consideration of the same will come off on Tuesday at noon.

A NEIGHBOR'S ADVICE.

The Means of Restoring a Little Girl to Health.

She Was Gradually Fading Away and Her Parents Doubted Her Recovery to Health.

From the Examiner, Charlottetown.

Perhaps the most remarkable cure that has ever been recorded is that of little Woodside, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Woodside, of Baltic, P. E. I. Mr. and Mrs. Woodside are members of the Princetown Presbyterian church, and are well and favorably known in the settlement where they reside. Mr. Woodside does an extensive business in oysters. A newspaper correspondent hearing of the remarkable recovery of his girl, called on Mr. Woodside and ascertained the exact facts of the case. The following is substantially the result of the interview:—"About a year ago last June I first noticed that my little daughter was not as bright as usual and that she complained at times of pain in her head and chest. Up to that time she had regularly attended school and was remarkably clever for a child of her age. She did nothing except attend school and although I never supposed it would do her much injury, I allowed her to study too sedulously. Thinking that she was only a little run down I kept her from school for a few weeks and expected that she would be all right again. By the end of that time I was badly disappointed in my expectations, however, as she rapidly grew weaker and lost flesh every day. I was alarmed about her condition when she complained of a soreness in her lungs and began to cough. I was just preparing to take her to a doctor when a neighbor called to see her and advised us to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She assured me that Pink Pills had restored her own daughter to health after several doctors had failed to do her any good. I therefore resolved to give them a trial and purchased a couple of boxes that very day. I began giving my little daughter those pills, being very careful to follow the directions. At the end of a month I noticed a decided improvement in her health and thus encouraged I continued using the pills three months more. Her health was quite restored by that time and she was able to attend school again. I regard my daughter's cure as almost marvellous and accord all the credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For little girls and boys of delicate constitutions no better remedy could possibly be prescribed. What was done for my little girl could certainly be done for other children."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Sold by all dealers in medicine and by Hollister Drug Co., Hobron Drug Co., wholesale agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Pure Blood

is the source of good health.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Makes pure blood, strengthens the nerves, sharpens the appetite, removes that tired feeling, and makes life worth living. Thousands of people have testified to the healing virtue of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Their letters come in every post. There's no attempt at theory. They all assert the great fact, "Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me."

Weak, Weary Women

who have been bed ridden, vexed with a scrofulous taint, emaciated, afflicted with diseases common to their sex, write gratefully of a perfect cure. If you wish to profit by their experience, and become healthy and strong, take the great strength giver and blood-purifier

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

Beware of imitations. The name—Ayer's Sarsaparilla—is prominent on the wrapper and blown in the glass of each bottle.

AYER'S PILLS, SUGAR-COATED, EASY TO TAKE

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED,

AGENTS.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

(Semi-Weekly).

Your Stock

Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

HAY AND GRAIN

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY

Menard and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 121.

WICKER

CHAIRS

and

COUCHES

WE have just received a large and varied assortment of new style wicker furniture suitable for rooms or verandas.

We are

Selling

them at very low prices.

These may be stained any color required to match other furniture in the house. Plush cushions made to order to fit any furniture desired.

PRICES

are

Low!

We have also in stock a large number of those handsome white enamelled bedsteads—single or double. These are very cheap and servicable. The price will astonish you.

J. HOPP & CO.

Furniture Dealers.

KING AND BETHEL STREETS

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Shipping and Family

Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.

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(Semi-Weekly).

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Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS

AND PURE BONE MEAL.

.....DEALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS,

NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,

HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,

FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC.

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts.

No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Write for Samples

And Compare Prices!

We have a country order department that will attend to your wants and save you anywhere from 25 to 50 cents on every dollar.

Are coming forward by every steamer and are being "Distributed all over the Islands."

A single yard or article at wholesale prices.

Queen Street, Honolulu.

L. B. KERR

THE NEW IMPROVED

Planters' Hoe

SOLID CAST STEEL, EYE AND BLADE FORGED ENTIRE.—OIL TEMPERED.

This Hoe is made specially for the PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., and is pronounced the best Planters' Hoe that has ever been used in the country.

A large assortment of new goods just received by the

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

HOLLISTER & CO.

Tobacconists,

Cor. Fort & Merchant Sts.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Havana Cigars

FROM THE FACTORIES OF

La Intimidad,

La Espanola,

La Africana,

Henry Clay & Bock & Co.

WAS TRIED BEFORE

Pacific Mail Attempted to Secure American Registry.

NATIVES SPEAKING ENGLISH

Captain of Iroquois Finds Them on an Island.

Dean Wayland Quotes Chief Justice Judd to Brown University Professors.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—The announcement from San Francisco that the steamship China of the Pacific Mail Company sailed from that port carrying the Hawaiian flag is received here as having special significance at this time. Several of the vessels of this company engaged in trade with China and Japan are of British build, and, of course, carry the English flag.

Shortly after the passage of the act under which American registry was given to the steamships New York and Paris of the International Line an effort was made by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to secure American registry for their foreign-built ships, but the effort was not successful, simply for the reason that the Pacific Mail Company was not willing to comply with the conditions under which registry was given to the New York and Paris.

The transfer at this time of the Pacific Mail Company's vessels to the Hawaiian flag is an indication that the company is hopeful that annexation will be accomplished at the coming session of Congress, and that by the act of annexation they will secure American registry and the American flag for their foreign-built ships. It is expected that other owners of foreign-built vessels will follow the example of the Pacific Mail Company and place their vessels under the Hawaiian flag, with the expectation of speedily securing American registry.

QUOTES CHIEF JUSTICE JUDD.

Dean Wayland Answers Faculty of Brown University.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 10.—H. A. Wayland of Kansas City, dean of Brown University, has addressed a lengthy communication to Professor Clarke and other members of Brown University, in reply to the latter's open letter to the corporation. In it mention is made of President Andrews' resignation and the issues at stake.

Continuing, he says: "The real questions involved are, I think, threefold. First: Has an instructor, a minister, an editor, the president of a bank or of a college, the right to use his position to give currency and authority to his views without being open to suggestion from those who have placed him in his position?"

"I regret that the president by his resignation seems to say, 'I regard my views as of such importance that no consideration can induce me to forbear the expression of them.'"

"It is stated that Dr. Andrews is to engage in an educational enterprise, to be endowed and controlled by John Brisbane Walker. If it should chance in the future that the views of Dr. Andrews should diverge from those of Mr. Walker, will Mr. Walker entertain the opinion which the president now cherishes as to independence?"

"Second: Was the occasion such as to justify the request of the corporation? The Chief Justice of the Hawaiian Islands recently said 'the advocates of free coinage in the Islands were told that the weight of the intelligence and the integrity of the American people were against their views.'"

"Third: Was there any want of courtesy in the manner in which the corporation conveyed their suggestions to the president? The suggestion that is in the air about the president being 'forced out' is as groundless as the assertion that his independence is compromised."

TO RESTRAIN MINERS.

Injunction Granted to Prevent Strikers From Marching.

PITTSBURG, Pa., August 12.—Sweeping and far-reaching injunctions now figure in the coal miners' strike in the Pittsburgh district. The developments of today tend to make the situation a strained one and it appears that a crisis is near at hand. The Sheriff's proclamation, issued two weeks ago, restraining the men from assembling and marching has been a dead letter and the marches have been continued daily. No disturbance of any kind has occurred.

The much-talked-of bill for an injunction against the United Mine Workers was filed in the County Court about noon by counsel for the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company. The defendants named are the United Mine Workers of America, Patrick Dolan, president; Edward McKay, vice-president; William Warner, secretary and treasurer, and others.

The plaintiff company sets forth that it is a corporation under the laws of Pennsylvania with a capital of \$1,000,000 invested in the coal lands of Pennsylvania. Three of their mines employing 1,200 men are Plum Creek, Turtle Creek and Sandy Creek. The bill then recites the conditions prevailing at their mines since the strike began and alleges that the strikers have

paid no attention to the Sheriff's warning and the lives of the miners at the property of the company are in danger.

Judge Collier granted a temporary injunction restraining the defendants from assembling, marching or encamping in proximity to the mines and houses of the miners for the purpose of intimidation, threats and opprobrious words of preventing the miners of the plaintiff from working. It further restrains the defendants from inducing or compelling any employee or miner to quit work. A hearing was fixed for August 16th.

The injunction is regarded as the most sweeping yet issued.

FRAUD IN DEPORTATION.

Chinese Secure Free Transportation by Destroying Certificates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., August 13.—It is believed by the Collector of the Port and some of the officials of the Chinese Bureau that some Chinese are taking advantage of the deportation laws to secure free passage back to China.

The law provides that unregistered Chinese found in this country shall be imprisoned one year and then be deported. The imprisonment part of the law is not mandatory, but is within the power of the Court. It has never been sought to be enforced, because it was thought useless to unnecessarily fill up the penal institutions of the country.

Some of the Chinese who had made a small fortune and were ready to go back to China to spend the rest of their days are said to have taken advantage of this, and, tearing up their certificates of registration, have had some friend inform on them, whereupon they would be arrested and deported. It is not believed that these frauds have been perpetrated in this city, because the penal clause of the law has been pretty well understood here and the danger from it known. But in some of the interior towns of the State, and in some of the other States it is believed it has been done.

This matter will be looked into hereafter in all deportation cases, and the penal clause of the law will be enforced wherever it is thought that fraud is being perpetrated.

MADE A FORTUNE IN PEARLS. Samuel Harris Back From a Profitable Trading Trip.

Samuel Harris, a young man who has been trading in the South Seas during the past year, arrived here Wednesday on the brig Galilee, bringing with him a snug fortune in pearls and other valuables which he secured from the natives at small cost, says the Chronicle of August 13th.

Harris left here on the barkentine Tropic Bird last August with about \$3,000 worth of merchandise for trading purposes. He went first to Papeete and entered into negotiations with several Tahitian mercantile houses and Tahitian natives for pearls. He was so successful in his trading during the first 10 months of his stay that he accumulated pearls valued at not less than \$45,000. Harris says that shortly after his arrival he secured a black pearl from a native diver for the insignificant sum of \$4 and within 24 hours he had sold it to Caspar Coppenrath, a Tahitian merchant at Papeete, for \$2,400. He is enthusiastic over the business opportunities offered to traders in the South Seas, and intends to return to Tahiti within two months.

NATIVES SPEAK ENGLISH.

A South Sea Island Visited by an American Ship.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Captain Taylor and the crew of the American clipper ship Iroquois, which arrived today from Honolulu, found on an island in the South Pacific Ocean natives who spoke English and who were hospitable to the Yankee sailors. It was off the Island of Attutaki, one of the Cook group. The Iroquois hove to and the natives came off to the ship in canoes, bringing coconuts, oranges and tropical fruits, fowls, pigs and curries consisting of shells, fish hooks, copra, cloths and fans. The men said that the island had a population of 900 natives and 10 whites, the last named being missionaries and school teachers. After exchanging gifts the ship continued on her way.

From the deck of the Iroquois Captain Taylor says he saw on the slope of one of the hills a cemetery studded with graves.

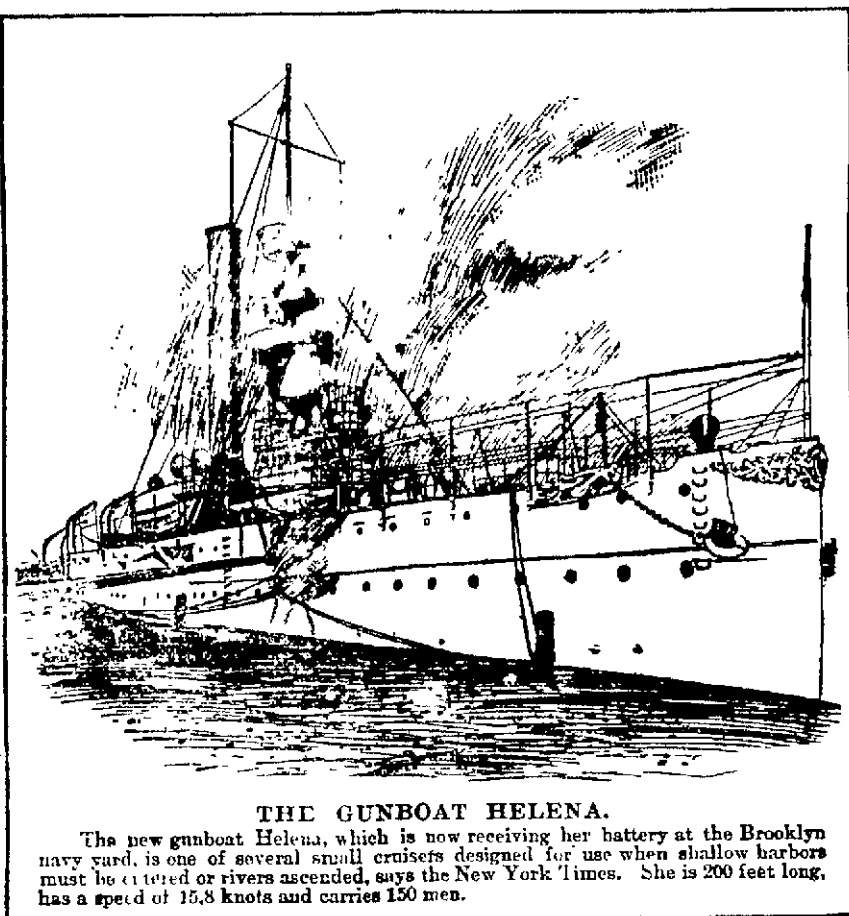
Traffic Around the Horn.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department, reports that during the last fiscal year 32 vessels, aggregating 57,094 tons, made the long voyage from the Atlantic to the Pacific ports, mainly from New York to San Francisco, and only 10, aggregating 17,786 tons, from the Pacific to the Atlantic ports. These were not in regular trade, but sailed by way of the Horn, either in ballast or, if fortunate, with cargoes of domestic merchandise, for the purpose of taking at their first destination other cargoes for export.

Trouble in Portugal. LONDON, August 12.—The Daily Mail publishes a dispatch from Oporto, Portugal, which says that the town is in a state of open rebellion, and that the authorities have only maintained the upper hand by proclaiming martial law and arresting 18 army officers who were ringleaders in the revolt.

A REMARKABLE CURE OF CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

In 1862, when I served my country as a private in Company A, 167th Pennsylvania Volunteers, I contracted chronic diarrhoea. It has given me a great deal of trouble ever since. I have tried a dozen different medicines and several prominent doctors without any permanent relief. Not long ago a friend sent me a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after that I bought and took a bottle; and now I can say that I am entirely cured. I cannot be thankful enough to you for this great Remedy, and recommend it to all suffering veterans. In doubt, write me. Yours gratefully, HENRY STEINBERGER, Allentown, Pa. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.



THE GUNBOAT HELENA.

The new gunboat Helena, which is now receiving her battery at the Brooklyn navy yard, is one of several small cruisers designed for use when shallow harbors must be entered or rivers ascended, says the New York Times. She is 200 feet long, has a speed of 15.8 knots and carries 150 men.

Thirteen Wheels Received per Australia.

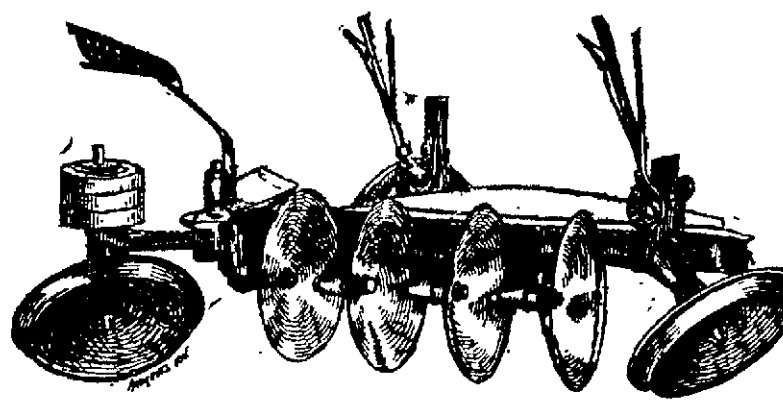
This being an unlucky number, we have sold seven since she came in, to change the number. More wheels on the way.

Ramblers at \$75 and Columbias at \$85 have made business lively in our Wheel Department.

We rent Ramblers and Columbias.

E. O. HALL & SON.

THE SPALDING-ROBBINS 4-DISC PLOW.



"Hilo Sugar Company.
"Wainaku, Hilo, Hawaii, July 3, 1897.
"T. J. King, Agent, Spalding-Robbins Disc Plow, Honolulu:
"Dear Sir:—I have used your Four-Disc Plow in plowing long raton land, and it did its work very effectively, breaking up the land much more than our ordinary plows, and leaving it in better condition.
JOHN A. SCOTT,
Manager.

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Insurance Agents, German-American Insurance Co. of New York. Union Assurance Society of London.
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Commission AND GENERAL BUSINESS AGENTS.

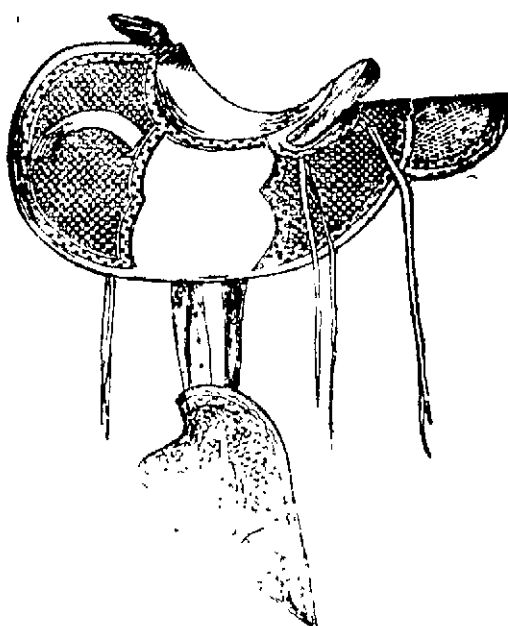
"We represent numerous individuals who live in Honolulu or on the other Islands, and it is our purpose to please our patrons at whatever cost to ourselves. If you desire responsible agents to look after your interests, and at a reasonable commission, we shall be pleased to interview you personally, or give immediate reply to correspondence on the subject.

Henry Waterhouse & Co.

ALEX. CHISHOLM. J. J. COUGHLIN.

The Manufacturing Harness Co.

Telephone 228. FORT & KING STS. P. O. Box 322.



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With Genuine Hawaiian Tree.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hand Stamped Belts!

FULL LINE OF HARNESS HARDWARE. Bridles, Collars, Sponges and Horse Boots, Oils, Dressings, Whips, Robes, Etc.

"We carry none but the BEST GOODS—OUR OWN MANUFACTURE."

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Fluiger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF

Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.,

IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT.

Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Molekins, Meltons, Serge, Kammgarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Recheitein & Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc. American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Caustic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks, Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by

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Live Stock.

—BREEDER OF—

Fine Horses and Cattle

Well-bred Fresh Milch Cows, Young Sussex Bulls, Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses, California and Hawaiian Mules

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Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams of Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communications to be addressed—

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LILUOKE, KAUAI.

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face, Cures Scaly Sores, Cures Cancorous Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising. As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d. and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS. THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LANCET AND MEDICAL COMPASS CO., LTD., 11, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

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Wall Brackets, Window Poles, Easels, Artists' Materials, Pictures, Framed and Unframed; Picture Frames Made to Order.

KING BROS.' ART STORE.

110 HOTEL STREET.

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CLOCKS AND WATCHES

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PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER.

Waltham Watches!

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

Chlorodyne

Original and Only Genuine.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was a deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 18, 1884.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which cures PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CURE: one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles 1s. 3d., 2s. 6d., and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer,

J. T. DAVENPORT.

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FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS

This college instructs in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

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HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1897

JAPAN IS LEARNING.

The evolution of Japan is the romance of the last days of the century. But she has already "evolved" herself into the bramble bushes.

Marquis Ito, in a recent interview in London said: "This (the Chinese indemnity) has not increased our national wealth, for war always costs more than it brings in, the latter being only momentary, whereas the cost is permanent." "In the exuberance of victory every one thought himself rich. Factories were built, mines were opened up, companies and enterprises of all sorts were brought out or undertaken, and not all of them, as you can readily imagine, have succeeded." "The cost of living has doubled since the war."

So Japan, in entering and moving along the old highways, which the civilized nations have traveled for centuries, fails to see, just as they failed to see, the sign posts of warning, the weak bridges and the many pitfalls.

Letter for letter, word for word, chapter for chapter, Japan, after the Chinese war, repeats the financial history of the United States after the great civil war; and the same history of Germany after the Franco-Prussian war. Speculations and unwholesome booms are the miserable progeny of wars. The babies look pretty enough when born, but they soon become monsters.

Two years ago, you could not make the intelligent Japanese, as a class believe, that the Chinese indemnity meant financial mischief. Nor could you in 1865, make the mercantile classes of America, believe that their great commercial prosperity was the unhealthy child of miserable war powers. Nor could you in '72 make the Germans believe that the French indemnity was more of a curse than a blessing. Nor would they believe Bismark when he said it.

So Japan must pay the usual high price for being allowed to join the circus of civilized and Christian nations. She must change her style of living. No more inexpensive amusements in the love of flowers, and trees, and mountains. The breweries are going up on all sides, and the people learn to drink beer. The day of luxuries is at hand. There are no better teachers in the art of high living, and increasing the "wants," than the Anglo-Saxons. Lafcadio Hearne, says the Japanese are a happy people, owing to the extreme simplicity of their lives. They should be able to read our American papers, and English too, and learn from them, how an all prevailing misery exists over the vast Empire of the Great Republic. Although it covers the richest land, and an infinite variety of climate, and the richest mines, and the widest timber lands, yet millions of "the greatest people on earth" are howling for bread, because their money has been largely spent for luxuries, and in supplying these terrible wants.

Japan is learning what it is, to get into the company of respectable and gentlemanly nations, with polite but expensive habits.

THE QUEER MORMONS.

That remarkably worldly wise man Brigham Young, clearly saw the value of contented communities. Unlike the old theocratic leaders of New England, who stripped life of every earthly joy, excepting a motus prodigality in

baked beans, and witch hangings, Young took human nature as he found it.

In every rural community numbering over three hundred, he organized a choir of musicians; that gave the people both vocal and instrumental music. Even the ignorant peasants of Europe, settled over the great Mormon domain, learned to love music. The children were invariably well educated in the theory of music. Today the communities of "despised Mormons" have, on the average, better musical culture than all other rural communities of the United States. This culture is beginning to show itself in the character of the people. Fine music makes people contented and of course refines them. It breaks the monotony of rural life. This long-headed Mormon, in the most exasperating way, showed the descendants of the Puritans, that human beings could not thrive on the "hard tack" of theology only.

Then this worldly wise man,—and knowledge of the world is only knowledge of God's creation,—made the young and old happy with dancing. He saw that skipping about, to the harmony of music, was not forbidden by Divine law. So the dancing pavilion running out over the Salt Lake is one of the largest in the United States. The Puritan descendant believed that the moment the legs moved to the scraping of the fiddle, a terrible thirst rose in the throat, that demanded alcohol. The Mormon proved that a dancing community could be a very sober one.

But the Mormons go further, and open their dances with prayer, just as the descendants of the Puritans here open a luau with prayer. They hold that any amusement which is healthful is entitled to a "blessing."

These wicked Mormons, about two months ago opened the great tabernacle, the place where, for many years, the most infamous doctrines were preached, to the large traveling army of Christian Endeavorers, who eagerly filled it, and listened to the choir of a thousand voices that sings those songs and hymns, which the orthodox condemn, and then the beguiled Endeavorers thanked them for it.

There is some food for reflection in this. It is quite safe to say that all Mormons are musicians, but all musicians are not Mormons.

WHERE ARE THE VOTERS?

The registration lists show that less than 2,700 men will cast the entire vote of the Republic in the next election. This fact is significant. It cannot be concealed, and it will be freely used in the coming debate of the American Congress. He is assuredly a short sighted man, who believes that the enemies of annexation will not promptly use it. In the fourth district of this city, less than one-half of the vote cast at the last election by supporters of the Government, has been registered for the next election. In other districts the falling off is large but not so remarkably great. The natives have generally refused to register. So has that large and important body, the Portuguese.

Without dissenting the causes which prevent native registration, we believe that it is safe to say, that the natives will not register until the question of annexation is settled. Whether they are indifferent or not is another question. Of course, great efforts might induce a native registration. But the efforts will not be made, we feel confident.

The attitude of the Portuguese is also significant. They are friendly to the cause of annexation, beyond doubt. But they fail to give positive support to the cause. The reasons for the attitude they take will be discussed hereafter.

There is no reason for believing that the Teutonic race, that of the

Americans, British and Germans, which created and supported the revolution has decreased in numbers. It has in fact increased. But it has failed to register, and why has it failed? There must be an adequate cause for it. Many of the voters on the old list failed to pay their taxes. Various reasons are given for that. Indifference, due to the general tranquility, is another reason urged for this failure. A considerably large class of men neglect registration in all communities, unless some peril is imminent. Many of the old voters it is said are dissatisfied with the Government, and are not in touch with it, except in the single matter of annexation. This is the history of all communities. Many men believe that governments exist only to "give them a job." If there is no job, then there is no support.

The disadvantage of "one party" government may now be seen. Among those loyal to the Republic there is, as yet, no distinct division on party lines. The Government has it, therefore, all its our way. It need not undertake the arduous work of rallying its supporters. One supporter is as good as ten thousand, when there is no opposition. So far as local government is concerned, the absence of party opposition indicates general satisfaction with the administration.

But the scanty number of votes registered will not be fairly understood abroad by those who must soon settle a very important question for us. It will be said that the desire for annexation has decreased.

The statement would not be true. A full register, would not, in any legal sense, strengthen the annexation decision here, because that is already settled. But it would show that the sentiment in its favor was strong and stronger than ever.

In addition, the belief in the certainty of annexation, and immediate change in the form of government destroyed much of the interest which voters take in the election. This indifference was foreseen, but no steps were taken to remove it. The loyal Press, with some exceptions, generally encouraged the feeling of extreme confidence in immediate annexation, and, naturally, enough, men will not "watch and pray," when they are told that their prayers will undoubtedly be answered.

BETTER OUTLOOK IN THE STATES.

The great rise in wheat and the signing of the tariff bill, make a better feeling in the States. The rise in wheat, is of course, the main cause of the improvement, because it brings money into the country, and is something better than swapping conditions among farmers and merchants. The world's misery, is America's opportunity. The short crops in the great wheat producing countries make America's profit. The Russian peasant goes hungry, and the Italians on the steppes of Argentina are driven to the wall. But it is the turn of the American farmer. Next year, probably, as the seasons go on, and the rains fall, the conditions will again change, and the American farmer will cry out against the pauper labor of the world. When the Creator permits a drought, and the "pauper" has to starve, then the good farmer is thankful that he can compete with the pauper.

For the time being, the lessons taught by the agriculturist writers will be forgotten, and the diversifying of crops be abandoned.

The rise in the price in wheat will stimulate railway traffic and the roads will earn some dividend. This will stimulate speculation, and the stock markets will be busy again.

But the free silver cloud hangs

low, and the money of the world will not eagerly seek for American investments, until it passes away. It may hang for several years to come. Prosperity lifts it, adversity lowers it.

THE BRITISH IN CHINA.

In spite of the vast efforts of the British to establish trade with China, there are, says the Hong Kong Press, only 80 British commercial firms in the latter country. There are 18 Chinese ports open to British trade, and in only 12 of them are found British subjects engaged in trade. "The Chinese trader finds himself in the enjoyment of all of the commercial privileges conferred on foreigners by treaty." The British merchant does not reach the consumer, and he mainly imports on the orders of the Chinese merchants, who control and understand the wants of the consumers.

The amount in value of the British trade with China is vastly greater than that of any other nation, but in spite of 50 years of active effort, only an insignificant number of commercial houses have secured a foothold in that vast country. Even in Hong Kong, which is a British colony, and the great distributing point in Southern China, the number of native Britons is insignificant. The Chinese quickly learn mercantile business, and extend their operations to London and Paris.

Americans, when they discover this sharp competition, and the triumph of the Chinese over the British trader, ask whether or not it is a mistake for the British Government—which one of the most widely circulated papers in the States calls "the great despoiler of nations"—to open up trade at a vast expense and then let the heathen Chinese and all other races take advantage of it, on the same terms with British subjects.

This freedom of trade is entirely contrary to the Americans' belief in "protection." Nearly all the civilized States seek commercial profit through "protection." The people of the little British Isle stick to free trade, even in conquered territory, and give the Americans the same trading terms that they give themselves. But John Bull is not gushing with generosity, after all. Freedom of commerce means large freight money. The quiet yearly dividend of \$800,000,000, which the British take in the carrying trade is reason enough for letting the Americans have it their own way with "protection."

The history of British trade in the East contains much valuable data for working out some sound theory of the commercial situation of these Islands in the future.

This community, so far, has had no settled rule in the matter. Its working theory has been to confine itself to the economical production of sugar. It is not, as the world goes, the business of the planter or manufacturer to introduce better terms of trade or reconstruct commerce, unless there is profit in it. At the same time, evolution goes on, in trade and commerce, and it makes or breaks the planter or manufacturer. It has now broken into bankruptcy the sugar trade of the West Indies.

A close study of the data furnished by British relations in the Orient may show us the way we are going.

NEGRO DOMESTICS.

If any persons choose to try negro "domestics," they will do so, after fair warning. It is about as absurd a proposition as it would be to import camels for the tram-cars. There is an excellent hotel near Lake Kissimmee, Florida; the proprietor brings to it every winter white female help from New Hampshire. Three years ago he told us that the negro domestic of the South was so objectionable he had finally given it up, and found

it more profitable to bring his help down by rail. He paid much better wages, and got much better service. We know that the owner of the Hygeia Hotel, at Old Point Comfort, Va., where scores of colored domestics are employed, thought seriously, several years ago, of bringing white Swedish help from Minnesota. Many of the Swedish girls are employed in the South. In the Northern cities, female colored help is refused in many families, owing to its low moral tone. At the same time, excellent colored help is sometimes obtained. But cases of this kind are rare.

Those who are educating the colored people, believe that in due time their standard of morals and industry will be raised. It is a gigantic work. The negro must advance or the people of the South will be subject to hurtful overflows of barbarism. When the character of colored domestics is criticised, it is with the knowledge and belief that the negro can and will advance under a proper system of education.

ENGLISH SENTIMENT.

Public Opinion (London) quotes freely from the American papers on the question of annexation. It tries to furnish the opinions on both sides of it. It makes no quotations from the British journals, because they take little interest in the subject. It is very certain that Lord Salisbury's indifference about the annexation movement would provoke criticism and vigorous denunciation by the opposition Press, if the British sentiment was against annexation. The fact that the British Press discuss the matter with little interest shows what the national sentiment is.

No doubt the average intelligent Englishman would say, if he were familiar with the history of the annexation movement: "Brother Jonathan seems to make a great fuss over taking up a group of islands. It's quite evident that they belong to him, and he has been saying so, for 50 years. Why doesn't he take them? Our own Government will annex much larger territory at a Cabinet meeting, and all the people will know about it will be in a dozen lines of the newspapers."

John Bull must not forget that he is the father of a vast progeny of annexation children. His family numbers many hundreds. With the United States it is the case of "the first foreign-born baby," and, of course, a great fuss about it is natural enough. One of the troubles is, about the kind of colonial or territorial baby clothes it should wear, in due course. The question is also raised, whether or not it shall be kept on a territorial bottle, or have little trousers of its own, made by the Statehood tailors. These minor questions are always perplexing.

The practical sense of the Americans will arrange all details, and next winter the Queen of "perfidious Albion" may wire to President McKinley: "Congratulate you, but you have been a long time about it."

COON-CATS.

We publish in another column an item regarding the coon-cats, owned by the late F. P. Hastings, and recently presented by his widow to the Metropolitan Club in Washington, D. C. These curious creatures appear to be exclusively a Maine product, but they are not the entire product of that State, through which runs the mellifluous Androscoggin river. For it has, by descent, given a President to this Republic, a Minister to Washington, and, a strange coincidence, a Minister from Washington, and the late Mr. Hastings was also a Maine man. Suspicious people will become alarmed at once at this threatened invasion of Hawaii by Maine men. Is it merely a coinci-

dence, or is it a well-devised scheme, contrived to offset Japanese immigration? However desirable the coon-cats might be as objects of interest and conversation in our somewhat monotonous social life, not one of them should be permitted to land here as a product of Maine, until the intentions of that ambitious State are disclosed. No great danger would arise, we presume, over an incoming force of coon-cats, but some steps should be taken at once to equalize the representation of men here from America. Any thoughtful person must see that three "leading men" from Maine in these Islands is an excessive number and subversive of our institutions. These men might, unless restrained by their tender consciences, create a "triumvirate" here and repeat the despotism of the old Romans. We have, of course, infinite confidence in their virtue, but the mighty sometimes have fallen.

Although the suspicious presence of Maine men here has no connection with coon-cats from Maine, still we reflect the sensitive condition of the public mind, which will use the word "Maine" as a string, and thread all sorts of suspicions on it.

MR. HATCH.

Mr. Hatch strikes one of his "bases" again. In many ways, his presence here will do good. He has been long enough in Washington, and become familiar enough with the current of political thought there, to make as close an estimate as an outsider can make of the probabilities of annexation. Perhaps he has a better knowledge of many phases of the matter from the Washington standpoint, than many of the old political leaders. We presume, but do not know it, that he will return to Washington, and if there is a finish in the annexation fight, he will be in it. The country cannot afford to let him remain here at present.

Senator Perkins' Son.

Milton Perkins, the youngest son of Senator Perkins of California, is so infatuated with the climate of Honolulu that he is thinking seriously of making it his permanent home. His health in the States has not been good, but since arrival here he has almost completely recovered.

W. E. Rowell Elected.

A business meeting of Co. H, N. G. H., was held in the company room, Drill Shed, last evening, the business being the election of a second lieutenant. The candidates were W. E. Rowell and E. H. F. Wolters. In all, there were 48 votes cast, Rowell taking 37 and Wolters 11, a majority of 26 for the former.

That

Tired Feeling is exceedingly common and dangerously significant. It is a warning which must be heeded, or, as with the express which fails to regard the danger signal, disaster must follow. It is a sure indication of thin, weak, impure blood. It is certain admonition that the blood is not properly feeding the nerves, tissues and organs of the body. Weak, nervous,

Tired

men and women are found everywhere. Men strive too hard to "keep their business up," women work too much "on their nerves," all have too little sleep, there is excessive drain on strength and nervous energy, and all complain of that tired

Feeling

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IN KAWAIAHAO

Hawaiians Have Opportunity to
Gain Wisdom.

ABLE AND ELOQUENT SERMON

Professor Swing Ad-
dresses Hawaiians.

Tells of the Great Work of Christ.
Gives Some Words of
Useful Advice.

In Kawaiahao Church Sunday morning, Professor Swing of Oberlin College, Ohio, who is here on a vacation trip, spoke to the Hawaiians. His remarks were translated to the congregation by Rev. H. H. Parker. Professor Swing spoke as follows:

"I am sorry I cannot say to you in your own language that I love you, but I have at my side a good friend who will tell you that."

"My text you will find in the Gospel, according to St. John, chapter 17, verse 3: 'And this is life eternal, that they might know the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom thou hast sent.'"

"It has been said of one of the greatest English poets that he did not want anyone to praise him, but only wanted to have people understand him. A bad man does not want to be understood, but a good man or woman always wants to be known. Is it not true that God must, most of all, want to be known by us? I am going to try to tell you three ways in which I think we may know God:

"First—We may know Him in His works, because He is the only great maker we have who can tell the greatness of the words God has made? We see one small one here, but who knows how many more and how much greater worlds there are? We cannot see them and perhaps it might be impossible for us to count them."

"I could spend all the morning telling you of my thoughts and feelings as I look out upon this beautiful world—God's creation. O, observe the beauty and variety of what He has made. Jesus, I believe, wanted us to think of beauty, because He said: 'Consider the lilies; how they grow!' Take it up in your hand and look at it, examine it and think about it. Jesus said, also: 'Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these.'"

"Now, when you go home, take a lily, a rose or any other of the wonderful flowers and say: 'Jesus told me to consider the lilies.'"

"For a few weeks I have been looking around at the various places on these beautiful islands, and I declare I do not know where you will find a more divine spot. Hawaiians, you should rejoice in all these beauties and see in them the work of God."

"The wise men of the world can tell you a great many things, but not one of them could create one little seed which would grow into a tree or a smaller plant. All the wise men can do is to look around into the beauties of the world and see how God has made them. God lets you and me enjoy all these without money or price. Ought we not to be very happy?"

"Second—We may know Him through His words. When we look at the world, we say: 'It,' when we look at a flower, we say: 'It,' but when we come to His words, persons are dealt with. It is: 'To know thee!'"

"The glory of all this Gospel is that we can talk and learn about persons."

"I read about a little girl whose mother was sick unto death in her beautiful home—a veritable palace. It was found necessary to send the child away, in order to insure quiet about the place. The mother drew her little one down to her and gave her one long, last kiss. She was then taken away to another house. Shortly afterwards the mother died and they laid her away under the green sod. After a few days the child was taken back to her home. She roamed through the house from cellar to attic, trying to find something she had lost, but was unable to find what the heart hunted for. Then she said: 'Take me away again. This is not my home any more.' Just as the mother was necessary to make that home, so is Jesus Christ necessary to make this great world with all its beauty and wonders. And remember, He has made it for us."

"What is it we see when we look into this world of His? The greatest of all is just this simple thing: We see Him loving and sending, and then we see that God has undertaken to do His other best work in the hearts of men. He touches you and me and every time He touches us, it is in some way calculated to make us better."

"The first thing He wants to do is to lift us up and turn us away from our sins. Then He wants to comfort every troubled heart and be the comforter of every one. He is loving and sending to make us into the beautiful sons of God. In the early days, the Jews, Greeks and others heard the word of God. You and I are going to hear what the word will do for Hawaiians, Japanese, Americans and for all the nations of the world."

"Third—We need to know Him in His worship. You tell me what a man

understands by his worship and I will tell you whether he is a great and who man or not. True worship is our best love and we will show that love in all the best ways we know. Our love should show itself in being kind to others. We have enjoyed so much the kindness of God to us that we want to show kindness to others."

"Worship is loving in all the ways we know and in doing this we become like God. It means simply that God comes down into our lives and lives there."

"Do some of you find it difficult to have all these things of God seem real? If so, there are two things that might help you:

"First—Stop and think nearer home. Here are your eyes. You say you have eyes and can see. If you can see with them, cannot the One who made them also see? Here are your ears. You say you have ears and can hear. Cannot He who made your ears hear? Then there are these hearts of ours. If a mother or a father's heart is capable of loving, shall not He who made those hearts love?"

"Second—Just go about your home really doing God's will. 'Now, we come to the end of the morning's discourse. We have not finished our knowing here. We have only begun. We are going to finish it by and by. Hawaiians, may it be that your golden days are never behind, but always before you. I shall pray for you that you may all be the beautiful sons of God and by and by be given your place among the nations of the world that have glorified God.'"

LITTLE ENGLAND WINS.
Colonists Have Little Show at Cricket.

A match was played on Saturday last at the old baseball grounds between cricketers born in England and players hailing from the Colonies and elsewhere. The boys from "the bright little, tight little island," as in duty bound, "licked the world." For the former the Rev. Vernon Kitcher sustained his reputation by carrying his bat for 27 runs, while the bowling of Messrs. Hatfield and Wansey proved most disastrous for the opposing team, who were doomed to defeat by the downfall, early in their innings, of such good players as the two Mackintoshes and young Ahlo. The following is the score, furnished by Viggo Jacobsen:

"ENGLAND."	
Rev. V. Kitcher, not out.....	27
H. Vincent, c. A. R. Mackintosh; b. A. R. Mackintosh.....	0
H. L. Herbert, c. A. R. Mackintosh; b. A. St. M. Mackintosh.....	11
A. Wansey, b. A. R. Mackintosh.....	2
A. M. Hewett, b. A. St. M. Mackintosh.....	2
R. A. Jordan, b. A. St. M. Mackintosh.....	2
Wm. Thompson, b. A. St. M. Mackintosh.....	0
A. R. Hatfield, b. T. Lishman.....	4
W. C. Singlehurst, b. A. St. M. Mackintosh.....	4
J. Radway, b. A. St. M. Mackintosh.....	1
J. Lightfoot, b. T. Lishman.....	0
C. H. W. Norton, b. T. Lishman.....	0
Byes.....	9
No balls.....	1
Total.....	63

THE "WORLD."	
A. St. M. Mackintosh, b. Hatfield....	4
Aeneas Mackintosh, b. Hatfield....	0
L. Ahlo, run out.....	8
Clive Davies, hit wicket; b. Wansey.....	0
T. Lishman, b. Wansey.....	7
D. Ross, b. Wansey.....	1
J. E. Huddart, c. and b. Wansey.....	0
A. May, b. Wansey.....	0
Dr. H. V. Murray, b. Wansey.....	0
W. J. Kane, b. Wansey.....	5
J. Catton, b. Hatfield.....	3
G. W. Little, hit wicket; b. Hatfield.....	3
D. Shanks, not out.....	1
Byes.....	7
Leg byes.....	1
Total.....	37

Regimental Drill.

The First Regiment, N. G. H., was drilled on the parade grounds in front of the drill shed last night, Colonel Fisher commanding. There were but very few absent, and there must have been nearly 400 men in line—a fine turnout. The marching in column of fours, platoons and in companies, was good. A large number of people witnessed the drill.

Two or three of the officers from the Japanese man-of-war Naniwa were close observers of the different movements.

Quite a number of the men went to the drill shed without guns, trusting to luck to find some when they got there. The result was that some had to go home for their arms, causing a delay.

Majors Jones and McCarthy make two excellent battalion commanders. Their commands are plain and decisive.

Company B's marching was a feature favorably commented upon by many of the onlookers.

Entertained By Miss Paris.

The charm of "Kaaleakeka," the home of Miss Anna Paris at the Peninsula, was fully appreciated Saturday by those who went down to the picnic given by Miss Paris to Mrs. James B. Castle, Miss White and Mrs. George Mead. The party, consisting of Mrs. Castle, Miss White, Prof. and Mrs. George Mead, Mrs. Mead, President of Mount Holyoke, Miss Cowles, Mrs. Sving, Miss Billings, Mrs. Coleman, Mrs. Mahol Castle, Mrs. Tenney, Mr. W. N. Armstrong, Mr. George Castle, Dr. Coolidge, Mr. Morgan, W. R. Castle, Jr., Northrop Castle, Harold Castle and Andrew Adams, left on the 9-15 train and returned at 5-55. Mr. James B. Castle and Mr. B. F. Dillingham went down on the 1-45 train. Kaaleakeka is close by the shore and is cooled by the breezes from off Pearl Harbor. The whole mountain range, with the

sloping foot-hills, is in sight, ending with Diamond Head in the distance.

The place was delightfully cool. The day was spent out of doors. Mats and chairs were placed beneath the algeroba trees on the lawn, overlooking the water. The winds were fresh and invigorating and the view was pleasing. At noon lunch was served on little tables, placed beneath the trees. Mr. Dillingham took members of the party sailing in the afternoon.

AT THE CAPITOL

Receptions to Admirals
Beardslee and Miller.Minister Hatch With the Cabinet.
Examines the Japanese
Correspondence.

Yesterday was a busy day at the Capitol, for besides being the regular meeting day of the Cabinet, there was a greeting to be given Minister Hatch on his return home, and a "Good-bye and how dy'e do" for Admirals Beardslee and Miller. This latter function was to have taken place earlier in the week, but was postponed on account of the illness of President Dole.

This call was made at 11 o'clock, and there were present the American Minister, Admiral Beardslee and staff and Admiral Miller and staff. The reception took place in the great hall. Besides President Dole and staff, there were Ministers Cooper, Damon and King. Minister Smith did not attend, for the reason that he was engaged in court until a few minutes before the arrival of the guests, and as Minister Hatch was in the Attorney-General's department, he spent the time with him.

Immediately after the reception, the Cabinet Ministers met the President and Minister Hatch in the President's room. The meeting was almost informal, no matters of importance being discussed.

Just after lunch Minister Hatch returned to the Foreign Office and called for the correspondence in the Japanese immigration affair. He remained closeted with Minister Cooper for some time.

During a brief interval, Mr. Hatch was asked by a reporter regarding the issuing of a register to the China. He promptly replied that he knew nothing about it. When asked if he had not investigated the case and recommended that the register be granted, he replied that he did not care to discuss the matter, as it was not in his department. Mr. Hatch declined to talk for publication on any matters of particular interest to the public. His appearance is the same as when he left here for Washington a little over two years ago, and however great may have been the responsibilities of his office in Washington, Time has dealt gently with him.

SUD' EN DEATH.

L. M. Hughes, a Tailor, Dropped
Dead Last Night.

L. M. Hughes, a tailor, for many years a resident of Honolulu, dropped dead in Fowler's yard last night, from the effects of alcoholism. Deceased had been drinking heavily for some days past, and when spoken to by an acquaintance late yesterday afternoon, he remarked: "This is my last day; tomorrow I will reform."

Hughes was a member of the Queen's Guards at the time of the coronation in 1837, and was also in the Crimean war. At the time of the building of South Kensington, London, Museum, he held a clerkship in one of the departments. He was a British soldier during the Fenian raid in Canada, and finally drifted to the Pacific Coast, making his home in Victoria. He was about 70 years of age, and, as far as known, is without relatives in this country. He will be buried today.

BURGLAR ESCAPED.

Rev. Kitcher Finds an Intruder
and Loses Him.

Just before the fire whistle blew yesterday morning, Rev. V. H. Kitcher was awakened at his room in the Iolani College by a noise in the store room. He arose, and on reaching the doorway, discovered a man prowling about. He quickly turned the key in the lock and started out to arouse the Chinamen. On his return, a few minutes later, he found the transom over the door broken and the thief gone. He could not distinguish the nationality of the intruder.

Hawaiian Music.

Charles K. Hopkins, who attends to the musical department in Wall, Nichols Company, has just received copies of his arrangement for piano of "Maui No Ka Oi" and "Mal Poina Ooe Iau." The title page is almost covered with a handsome design done by Mr. Hopkins himself. In the center of this is a scene on the Island of Hawaii, taken from a photograph. The work throughout is very creditable, and something of which Mr. Hopkins should be proud.

Fire at Honokaa.

The steamer Helene came in yesterday forenoon with her usual cargo from Hawaii ports. Captain Freeman reports that on Thursday afternoon, as the steamer was passing Honokaa, there was a very large fire raging in the cane fields. As far as he could make out, the flames extended from the mill to Paauhau. Although, of course, all of this may not have been cane, but still it is certain that enough cane was burning to make the loss heavy. Hun-

reds of men could be seen fighting the fire. Their work was assisted by the fact that no stiff wind was blowing. An attempt was made to get telephonic communication with Honokaa from Mahukona, but in this Captain Freeman was successful.

A STEAMER WRECKED.

Mexico Goes to the Bottom Off
Entrance to Diancon.

VICTORIA, B. C., August 10.—The Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer Mexico, on her return trip from Ilyan, struck a rock at Diancon entrance at 4 o'clock on the morning of August 5th and sank two hours later in 300 feet of water. The 75 passengers on board, their hand baggage and the valuables were saved, though not a pound of baggage or freight could be taken from the hold. The people, after an 18-hour row in lifeboats, were all safely landed at New Metlakatla.

Of the 75 passengers, 40 were tourists, who made the round trip in the ship, and the others were coming south from different Alaskan ports. Included in the latter were the members of the party of naturalists who spent the summer in Western Alaska collecting specimens for the Field Columbian Museum at Chicago. Their specimens, instruments and notes went down with the steamer.

THEY PREFER PEACE.

Emperors of Russia and Germany
Do Not Like War.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 8.—At the State banquet, given by the Russian Emperor and Empress to Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria last night, Emperor Nicholas, toasting his imperial guests, said:

"The presence of Your Majesties causes me very lively satisfaction. I desire sincerely to thank you for the visit, which is a fresh manifestation of the traditional bonds uniting us and the good relations so happily established between our two neighboring empires. It is, at the same time, a precious guarantee of the maintenance of the general peace, which forms the object of our constant efforts and our most fervent wishes. I drink to the health of Emperor, King William and Empress, Queen Augusta Victoria and to the health of all the members of their august family."

BETTER STAY AT HOME.

Not All the Gold Is in Klondyke
Region.

REDDING, August 8.—News reached this city today of a rich mining strike made in the well-known Chloride and Bailey mines, near Dedrick, Trinity county, during the first part of the week. The ledge, an immense body of rich ore, was unexpectedly encountered at a depth of 200 feet by a crosscut tunnel. The vein, where cut, is from three to five feet in width, yielding quartz of a dark color, carrying big values in free gold and sulphurets and is very similar in appearance to that of the famous Niagara mine of French Gulch, which has yielded many thousands of dollars to its owners. Careful tests show that the rock will run \$50 to the ton. The ledge is firmly placed, with walls clearly defined, and gives every indication of permanency. There is a large amount of stopping ground.

CURIOUS DOCUMENT.

Translation of Pontius Pilate's
Verdict.

One of the most curious documents in existence—namely, the sentence which was passed upon Jesus Christ by Pontius Pilate—has just been brought to light by the Marquis de Trogoff-Chauvaux, says the New York Herald. The history of this document is interesting. It is reproduced from a brass plate which was discovered in the Villa d'Aquila, in Naples, in 1720. The French commissioners of arts were making excavations in Naples in that year, and they found this plate in an antique vase of white marble, in which the plate was originally kept, is now in the Chapel of Caserta.

Here follows a translation of the words on the plate:

"Sentence rendered by Pontius Pilate, governor regent of Lower Galilee, to the effect that Jesus of Nazareth shall suffer the punishment of the cross. 'In the year 17 of the Empire of Tiberius Caesar, and the twenty-fifth day of March, in the holy city of Jerusalem, Annas, and Caiaphas, being priests and sacrificers of the people of God, Pontius Pilate, governor of Lower Galilee, seated on the presidential seat of the Proetorium.

"Condemns Jesus of Nazareth to die on a cross between two thieves in consequence of the following weighty and notorious testimony on the part of the people:

"First—Jesus is a seducer.
"Second—He is a seditious.
"Third—He is an enemy of the law."

"Fourth—He falsely calls himself the Son of God.
"Fifth—He falsely calls himself the King of Israel.
"Sixth—He entered into the temple, followed by a multitude bearing palms in their hands.
"Pontius Pilate—orders the first Centurion Pluribus Cornelius to lead him to the place of punishment;
"Warns all persons, whether poor or rich, not to prevent the death of Jesus.
"The witnesses who have signed the sentence against Jesus are:
"First—Daniel Tobani, a Pharisee.
"Second—Joannes Zorobabel.
"Third—Taphael Tobani.
"Fourth—Capet, a public man.
"Jesus will leave the city of Jerusalem by the Stranean gate."
The words of the sentence fill the entire plate, except a small portion on one side, and there appear these words: "A similar plate has been sent to each tribe."

"Fourth—He falsely calls himself the Son of God.
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The words of the sentence fill the entire plate, except a small portion on one side, and there appear these words: "A similar plate has been sent to each tribe."

Picking up
Knowledge

is easy enough if you look for it in the right place. This is the right place to learn just what to do for that debilitating condition which warm weather always brings. Do you want to be cured of that languid feeling, get back your appetite, sleep soundly, and feel like a new being?

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla

will do it. It has done it for thousands. It will do it for you. Try it.

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Ayer's Pills CURE CONSTIPATION.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:
HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY
Limited.

DETROIT
JEWEL
STOVES

We are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

- MERIT JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.
- EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil;
1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.
- CITY JEWEL RANGE.
2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.
- WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
- MODERN JEWEL STOVE.
3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
- MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND
HONOLULU.

Headaches
Completely
Conquered

All beings are alike when it comes to suffering from this universal complaint termed HEADACHE. The literary man, the business man, the laborer, the over-taxed mother, the society belle are victims alike in this respect.

Headline

Hundreds of remedies have been introduced and used for the treatment and cure of this widespread ailment, but in most cases only temporary relief was obtained. HEADLINE has proven to be the only infallible and harmless preventative and cure yet introduced. Its effect is positive—it contains nothing but of a purely vegetable nature.

Nature's

It is free from OPIUM or NARCOTICS. Children can take it with safety. No sufferer from this distressing malady can afford to neglect giving it a trial. The proof of the pudding is in the eating. Skeptics cease to exist after giving it a trial.

Blessing

We are giving away free to our patrons a sample package of HEADLINE, and if you try it, you will be convinced of its paralyzing effect on sore heads. Put up in packages, containing six powders, at 25 cents.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

TIMELY TOPICS

AUGUST 19, 1897.

In the majority of instances when a man purchases a windmill he discovers that, though there is a sufficiency of "wind" power given away freely by the salesman, the only time the mill "goes" is when it is leaving the store.

There are scores of so-called "best-on-earth" windmills foisted upon a too credulous public, while there is but one mill that will attend to its business when all others fail: and that one is the

Aermotor.

It is so immeasurably superior to its many competitors, and its merits so universally admitted that we would not devote our space to the subject were it not to let you know that we have them, both pumping and geared, and in connection with them have Gould's and Krogh's Triple Action, Syphons and many other makes of Pumps, together with Patent Water Tanks (wooden) in from 500 to 10,000 gallons capacity.

The great beauty about the "Aermotor" is that it requires no attention whatever—just a little oil occasionally.

Amongst the many purchasers are numbered:

Minister Cooper, who has one at Manoa;
Minister Damon, one at Moanalua Ranch;
Mr. Paul Isenberg, four at Waihalae (one of which is pumping water a distance of 4000 feet, and to a height of 190 feet).

For further information, write or call on

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.
286 FORT STREET.

MAUI'S CONCERT

Musician's Perform for
Charity's Sake.

Until the H. C. Wright Arrives
Grain Will Remain
Scarce.

MAUI, August 21.—On Monday evening (the 16th) the concert postponed from Friday evening, took place in the Paia Foreign Church, and was a most successful musical event.

Nearly every number of the following program received an encore: Organ solo, "Tannhauser March," Wagner, Prof. A. B. Ingalls, recitative and air, "She Alone Charmeth My Sadness," Gounod, Mr. Maurice G. Beckwith; song, Mr. F. Van Buren; song, "Thy Sentinel Am I," Mr. Ingalls; recitation, "The Dandy Fifth," Mr. Beckwith; vocal solo, "Oh, Youth, How Delightful Thou Art," Abt, Mrs. J. J. Hair, violin obligato, Miss Kate Watson; organ solo, "The Lost Chord," Wagner, Mr. Ingalls; song, "Past and Present," De Koven, Mr. Van Buren; song, "The King's Mere," Mr. Beckwith, violin obligato, Miss Watson; vocal duet, "I Would That My Love," Mendelssohn, Mesdames Damon and Hair; organ solo, selected, Mr. Ingalls.

The receipts from the sale of tickets to the concert were \$90, one-half of which will be devoted to charitable purposes.

On Saturday evening, the 14th, there was a gay dancing party at the residence of B. D. Baldwin of Hamakua-poko. At 10 o'clock there were fireworks set off in the road below the lawn. There were 16 couples present and dancing. Music was furnished by the Paia Stringed Band.

During Monday afternoon (the 16th) another polo game took place on the Makawao grounds; Messrs. L. von Tempisky, A. Baldwin, Van Buren and Crook vs. Messrs. Bailey, F. Baldwin, W. Baldwin and Waterhouse. The former won—10 to 5.

During Wednesday (the 18th) a camping party, consisting of eight or 10 young people, started from Hailku for the coffee lands of Nahiku.

On Thursday (the 19th) a large picnic party from Makawao enjoyed a luau in beautiful Iao.

Miss M. R. Nape has accepted a position in the Hilo Boarding School.

The Portuguese farmers of Kokomo, Makawao, are cultivating many vines. Grapes will be very cheap on Maui next season.

Tonight Mrs. H. B. Bailey will give a poi supper at her residence in Makawao. It will occur directly after the polo game, and is given in honor of the Baldwin boys and Clarence Smith of Honolulu.

Miss Mary Alexander departs for Oakland today, after a brief visit in Hailku.

Frank Baldwin goes back to Yale on Monday, August 23d.

During Wednesday (the 18th) Sagata, having practically recovered from his self-inflicted wounds, was committed to trial by Judge Halstead of Wailuku. The trial for the murder of his wife will be held during the December term. His trial for committing the murder of his 2-year-old child will take place on Monday, the 23d.

Judge Halstead's verdict in the Myer optimum case, rendered last Monday (the 16th) was a fine of \$500 and one month's imprisonment. The case was appealed.

During Thursday night (the 19th) a spirited horse belonging to W. H. Campbell of Waihee, while fastened at Hoffman's corner, Wailuku, became frightened, broke away and wrecked the brake. The animal escaped injury.

The household of Deputy-Sheriff W. G. Scott was made happy during the 20th by the advent of a baby boy.

The arrival of the H. C. Wright in the port of Kahului is anxiously looked for. She is 19 days from San Francisco, and in the meanwhile there is no grain for the horses. The prices of other staple articles are growing higher and higher.

The weather is very pleasant.

SOME MAUI NOTES.

Samuel Kaianolii of Hana Will Be a Candidate.

A Honoluluite, writing from Maui to a friend here, says:

"Sheriff King and Captain Kalama made a business trip to Hana last week, going by way of Haleakala. They slept in the crater Thursday night and arrived at Kipahulu on Friday. Saturday they visited Mr. McLane at Moku, where they received royal entertainment. They left Hana again on Tuesday, reaching the crater the next afternoon. On the way, they shot two goats, the hair on each measuring 11 inches in length.

"The party arrived at Captain Kalama's home Thursday morning, and in the evening was given a surprise by a large number of his friends. The Captain is not only an excellent official of the Police Department, but a very popular man.

"Samuel Kaianolii of Hana is in the field for legislative honors, and his friends prophecy a big majority for him."

Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always affords prompt relief. For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

PURE AND SWEET

and free from every blemish is the skin, scalp, and hair of infants, cleansed, purified, and beautified by

Cuticura SOAP

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. For distressing facial eruptions, pimples, blackheads, red, rough, oily skin, irritations of the scalp with dry, thin, and falling hair, red, rough hands with shapeless nails, and simple rashes and blemishes of infancy it is incomparable. Guaranteed absolutely pure by analytical chemists of the highest standing, whose certificates of analysis accompany each tablet.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, 1, King Edward st., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. Send for our "Treatment of Baby's Skin," a book of 64 pages, fully illustrated, containing all that every intelligent mother should know about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair, post free.

MOTHERS! To know that a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure, will afford instant relief in the most distressing of itching, burning, and scaly infantile rashes and irritations of the skin and scalp and not to use them is to fail in your duty. This treatment means comfort and rest for parent as well as grateful relief and refreshing sleep for child, and is pure, sweet, safe, speedy, and economical.

ROBERT CATTON.

212 Queen Street, Honolulu.

AGENT FOR

THE MIRRLEES, WATSON & YARYAN CO., LD.

Sugar Machinery.

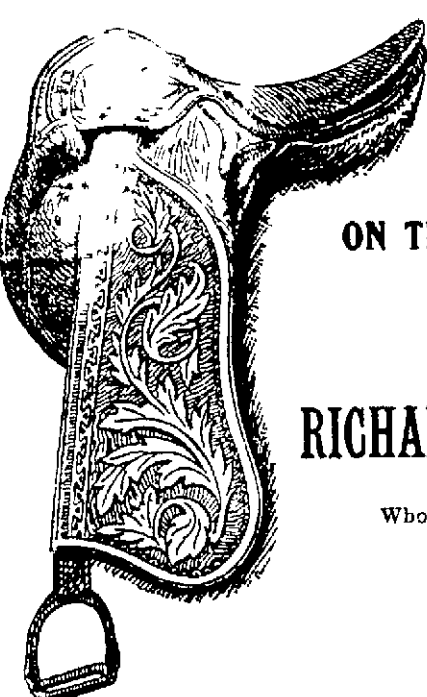
WATSON, LAIDLAW & CO. Centrifugals and Cream Separators.

JOHN FOWLER & CO. (LEEDS), LD. Steam Ploughs and Portable Railway.

THE RISDON IRON WORKS.....General Engineering.

MARCUS MASON & CO., Coffee and Rice Machinery.

J. HARRISON CARTER.....Disintegrators.



For Prices

ON THE ORIGINAL
OF THIS SADDLE

—SEND TO—

RICHARDS & SCHOEN,

Who also carry the Most Complete line of

Harness and Saddlery

On the Islands. Mail or Telephone Orders receive prompt attention.
Only skilled labor is employed in the manufacture of our goods.

Richards & Schoen

—HILO, HAWAII—

G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.
E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

.....POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467.....

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:—

PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER.

SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are C. I. A. P. in every respect.
For further particulars apply to

DR. "C."

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.



Vapo-Cresolene
WHOOPIING COUGH, CROUP,
ASTHMA, CATARRH, COLDS.

CRESOLENE being administered by inhalation gives the safest and most effective means of treating the throat and bronchial tubes. Its efficiency in Whooping Cough and Croup is wonderful. Its antiseptic virtues render it invaluable in contagious diseases, as Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, etc. The complete booklet with testimonials free. Sold by druggists.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Honolulu, H. I., Agents.



STEEL PLOWS

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Oliver Bros.' Plow Works.

These, through good service and effective work on SUGAR and RICE PLANTATIONS, and elsewhere, have made for themselves a good reputation.

Reports from our customers show perfect satisfaction given in scouring, light draft and in every respect.

We now present to the public a full line, as follows:



The C. & C. Rice Plow

Sizes: 5 to 10 Inches.

Made for light cultivating and all ordinary use and by a systematic system of bracing these plows are both light and strong.

The Queen.

Sizes: 6, 8 and 10 Inches. For heavier work.

The Monarch.

Sizes: 12 and 14 Inches. For breaking and heavy plowing.

—ALSO—

Farmers' Boilers!

ASSORTED SIZES.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LD., Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

J. S. WALKER.

General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company,
Alliance Assurance Company,
Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

WILHELMA OF MADGEBURG
INSURANCE COMPANY

Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co., LD.

AGENTS FOR

FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LD., Agents.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1896,

£12,051,532.

1-Authorized Capital-£2,000,000

2-Subscribed Capital-2,750,000

3-Paid up Capital-687,500 0 0

4-Fire Funds-2,650,850 12 0

5-Life and Annuity Funds-5,800,182 2 8

£12,051,532 14 8

Revenue Fire Branch-1,377,028 17 9

Revenue Life and Annuity Branches-1,404,507 9 11

£2,781,535 7 8

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed

agents of the above company are prepared

to insure risks against fire on Stone and

Brick Buildings and on Merchandise

stored therein on the most favorable

terms. For particulars apply at the office

of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and

Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to

take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the

most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have

established a General Agency here, and the

undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of

the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gral. Agts.

CASTLE & COOKE LTD.

IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co

OF BOSTON.

Elmo Fire Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies

6,000,000

101,650,000

107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies

8,350,000

35,000,000

43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the

above two companies for the Hawaiian

Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings,

Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Marine

Insurance, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of

damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

New Goods

—FOR—

Warm Weather!

While in San Francisco we made extensive purchases of new goods suitable for warm weather and we secured them at low prices. Some of these lines have already arrived and we are offering them at prices which should win your patronage to us if we have not already had it.

Fancy Swiss, Organdies

—AND—

Muslin Dress Goods

From 10 cents to 30 cents per yard. Never sold here before at less than 25 per cent. above this.

Equipoise Waists!

The only garment which keeps the form perfect and the health as nature ordained. These waists are now worn by many of the best dressed ladies of Honolulu.

Marseilles spreads, new design, from \$2.50 to \$12.

New linings for organdies just received.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.

WAVERLEY BLOCK



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Cables and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS CO.

(Limited)

Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts

Hollister & Co.

Agents

C. HUSTACE.

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

212 KING ST. TEL. 119

Family, Plantation and Ship's Stores Supplied on Short Notice.

New goods by every steamer from the other islands is thrifly executed.

GOOD MINSTRELS

Men-of-War Sailors Give Good Performance.

Opera House Crowded to Capacity. Audience Was Most Fashionable One.

The minstrel and vaudeville performance, given by members of the crews of the American warships Philadelphia and Marion, Saturday night, will compare favorably with some of the road companies in the United States. Of course, there were no women in the company, but such characters were capably taken by young sailor lads.

The performance was for the joint benefit of the Strangers' Friend Society and the Hawaiian Relief Society, and it is pleasant to note that every seat was sold shortly after the doors opened, and the audience was one of the most fashionable that has ever been seen in the Opera House. The Irwin box was occupied by United States Minister Sewall and Ministers Cope and Damon and their wives. The opposite proscenium had for its occupants Admiral Beardslee and wife, Minister Hatch and wife and Admiral Miller and staff. The upper left-hand box was occupied by Lieut. Klemme, wife and party, and the opposite one by members of the Star Baseball Team. Captains Book and Cotton had theater parties in the loges.

The first part was of the conventional old-time minstrel sort, and was really a pleasant change from the modern powdered wigs and silk knee breeches of the mastodons of a few years ago.

The first part was a little shorter than it should have been, but this was found necessary, owing to the length of the program. The company, individually, and as a whole, showed that they had studied hard and practiced a great deal. The songs were well rendered, and the acts were well received. Ellington made a good stump speech on the subject of woman's rights, and Richards Huchliffe and Burns were excellent in their dances. Stanley and Hicks, as the Two Senators, scored an immediate hit. Perhaps the act of Marshall and Vanderveer was the best of the evening. Their stage presence was exceptionally good, and they singing of the several songs excellent.

Mr. Richards' acrobatic song and dance was a disappointment from the fact that he injured himself. The afterpiece, "No Whisky, No Fits," was a roaring farce, in which all kinds of people were portrayed. Mr. Ellington, as the Dutch Justice, was exceptionally good.

The performance was more than satisfactory from an artistic as well as a financial standpoint, but the boys will not repeat it.

At a rough estimate, there will be left over from the proceeds of the Philadelphia-Marion Minstrel show of Saturday night the sum of \$250, one-half of which will go to the Hawaiian Relief Society and the other half to the Strangers' Friend Society. The expenses were very heavy, amounting to over \$250.

"WELA KA HAO."

The Exhibition of Veriscope a Complete Success.

The balcony at the Opera House was sold out last night shortly after the doors opened, and by the time the exhibition began all the best seats downstairs were occupied. Among the audience quite a number of ladies were noticeable. Captain Houdlette had a theater party, among whom were several lady tourists. As a whole, the audience was representative, and many gentlemen were present, evidently with a view to ascertaining the character of the entertainment before taking their wives.

From a scientific standpoint, the exhibition is, perhaps, the most wonderful of modern times. As an entertainment, it depicts a contest less brutal than football. The repulsive features are eliminated through circumstances, for when the resounding blows and shouts of the people at the ringside are not heard the exhibition becomes a mere work of art with the figures moving as in life. To illustrate the remarkable science of the two men, one has but to consider that they battled at least 16 minutes before one of the seconds of Corbett made a claim for first blood, which, by the way, cannot be distinguished in the pictures, nor can blood be seen on either Fitzsimmons or Corbett at any time during the contest.

The pictures are remarkably clear, the muscles showing clear and distinct. Each round is given complete, and not a particle of detail is lost. In the various rounds Corbett has clearly the best of the contest; always active and alert, it seems improbable that he could lose, but in the 14th round the end came, and the foul blow is plainly seen. After he recovered from the effects of the blow Corbett is seen wildly rushing at Fitzsimmons and assaulting him until carried away by his seconds.

The management has decided to give another exhibition tonight, believing that there are many more ladies who would like to witness such a contest reproduced on a screen by means of the greatest of modern inventions in photography. As the owners leave on the Alameda on Thursday, tonight will be the only opportunity the people here will have to be entertained in this manner.

The exhibition begins promptly at 8:30 and ends at 10 o'clock. Seats may be secured at Wall, Nichols Company.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Secretary Coleman and bride are expected back on the Alameda. They will probably spend a short time in Honolulu.

The following additional teachers have recently been appointed to instruct in the Y. M. C. A. classes:

Miss A. Smith of the Normal School, to have charge of the elementary classes.

J. M. Poeppoe, to teach the Hawaiian language.

The instructor in bookkeeping has not yet been named, but there is a man in view for the place.

There may be a change in the present arrangement of instructor in shorthand. B. L. Marx was chosen, but it turns out that his system is different from the one taught in last year's class, and as there are several members of that class who wish to go on with the lessons, such an arrangement would mean a loss of a lot of work on their part, should they have to begin on a new system.

A deposit of \$1 for the elementary class pupils and \$2 for the others will be made on entrance. This will not be returned unless the attendance of each pupil reaches 80 per cent.

The entrance fee will be \$5 for each pupil, instead of \$2, the fee charged last year.

Coon-Cats.

A letter from Washington City says: "The coon-cats given by Mrs. Hastings to the club (the Metropolitan) attract much attention. Their size and bushy tails are remarkable."

Mr. Hastings, lately our Secretary of Legation, secured in Maine, last year, and brought to Washington, a couple of male coon-cats. These animals are a cross of the domestic cat and the wild coon found in the Maine forests.

Kittens of this breed are occasionally found by the boys while hunting, and these become very tame. Those owned by Mr. Hastings are now nine months old and weigh about nine pounds, the weight of a large domestic cat. At two years of age these curious cats will weigh over twenty pounds and stand over sixteen inches high. The color is that of the maltese cat. The hair is a little longer than that of the ordinary cat. The remarkable feature of these animals is the tail, which is bushy, like that of the fox. The body is rather short and the claws are strong. The face is very catlike and their habits are catlike. After the death of Mr. Hastings the animals were given to the Metropolitan Club by Mrs. Hastings.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Aorangi sailed from Sydney for Vancouver August 7th.

The Alameda is expected from San Francisco tomorrow night.

The schooner John G. North left San Francisco for Honolulu August 13th.

The brig J. D. Spreckels arrived in San Francisco August 11, 21 days from Mahukona.

The ship Iroquois, from Honolulu, and the ship Genista, from Hilo, both arrived in New York on August 9th.

The steamer Humboldt, for which an order was made by Honolulu parties, has been chartered for a voyage to Alaska.

The Mikahala, running in the W. G. Hall's place, returned from Kauai ports yesterday morning with a very small cargo of rice.

Following are the latest Coast charters for Honolulu: Schr. Transit, bk. Albert and bktn. S. N. Castle, all with general merchandise.

Captain Nye went as mate of the Kinau yesterday, in place of Officer Saxe, who remains over a trip to be present at a Supreme Court case.

The American bark Andrew Welch, Drew Master, sailed for San Francisco early yesterday afternoon with 1,405 tons of sugar, valued at \$93,000.

Through meager reports that arrived on the Claudine Sunday, it is estimated that between three and four hundred acres of cane were burned in the recent fire at Honokaa plantation, the first news of which arrived on the Helene Friday.

The following vessels have sailed from Pacific Coast ports for Honolulu: August 5th, bk. Mohican, from San Francisco; bktn. Kikikat, from Port Gamble; bktn. Amella, from Port Blakely. August 9th, schr. Jessie Minor, from Eureka.

The following vessels have arrived in San Francisco from this port: August 5th, bk. Albert, 21 days; schr. Transit, 29 days; August 6th, bktn. S. N. Castle, 20 days; brig W. G. Irwin, 19 days; August 11th, bk. S. C. Allen, 22 days; August 12th, bk. Alden Besse, 30 days.

The American bark Mohican, C. W. Saunders master, arrived in port yesterday morning after a pleasant trip of nearly 18 days from San Francisco, with 1,000 tons of general merchandise consigned to Castle & Cooke, 150 cases and 300 kegs of powder for the Pacific Hardware Company.

The O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette commander, arrived in port early yesterday morning. Following is the report kindly furnished by Purser McCombe: Left San Francisco August 2, 1897, at 2 p. m., with 23 cabin and 2 steerage passengers, and 52 bags of mail. Experienced light N W winds for the first 24 hours. Light breeze to light airs S W to N E until the 19th, thence to port light trades. Arrived at Honolulu August 20th, time 6 days, 15 hours and 30 minutes. August 17th at 1:30 p. m., passed S. S. Coptic

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS IN PORT.

NAVAL.
U. S. S. Philadelphia, Miller, San Diego.
U. S. S. Marion, Book, San Francisco.
U. S. S. Bennington, Nichols, San Diego.
H. I. J. M. S. Naniwa-kan, Kurooka, Japan.
MERCHANTMEN.
(This list does not include Coasters.)
Ger. ship H. F. Glade, Haesloot, Bremen.
Am. bark Ceylon, Calhoun, Seattle.
Am. bktn. Jane L. Stanford, Johnson, Newcastle.
Br. bark Woolahra, Barneson, Newcastle.
Am. bark Martha Davis, Fris, San Francisco.
Am. bark C. D. Bryant, Colly, Laysan Island.
Am. schr. Lizzie Vance, Hardwick, Newcastle, August 17.
Am. bark Geo. F. Manson, Crack, Newcastle.
O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, San Francisco.
Am. bk. Mohican, Saunders, San Francisco.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

Vessel:	From:	Date:
Schr. Novelty, Newcastle	Aug. 16
Schr. Aloha, San Francisco	Aug. 16
Bktn. Kikikat, Port Gamble	Aug. 27
Bktn. Amella, Port Blakely	Aug. 27
Schr. Jessie Minor, Eureka	Sept. 1
Schr. Jno. G. North, Frisco	Sept. 5

ARRIVALS.

Friday, August 20.
O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, from San Francisco.
Stmr. Helene, Freeman, from Hawaii ports.

Saturday, August 21.
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Nawiliwili, Kauai.
Stmr. Mokoli, Bennet, from Molokai, Maui and Lanai.
Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, from Oahu ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, from Kapaa, Kauai.
Stmr. Kaena, Parker, from Wailua.
Stmr. Kilauea Hou, Weir, from Laupahoehoe, Hawaii.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Oahu ports.

Sunday, August 22.
Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, from Maui ports.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, from Kauai ports.

Stmr. Wailaleale, Gregory, from Kauai ports.

Monday, August 23.
U. S. S. Bennington, Nichols, from San Diego.
Am. bk. Mohican, Saunders, from San Francisco.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Hamakua and Kona.

DEPARTURES.

Friday, August 20.
Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, for Maui and Hawaii.
Haw. bark Andrew Welch, Drew, for San Francisco.

Saturday, August 21.
Stmr. Hawaii, McDonald, for Olowalu, Kula, Okaia, Laupahoehoe, Honohina, Hakalau, Honoumou and Pohakulani.

Monday, August 23.
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. Kaena, Parker, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, for Kapaa.

Stmr. Mokoli, Bennet, for Molokai, Maui and Lanai.

Stmr. Wailaleale, Gregory, for Wailua, Kauai.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr. Mikahala, Haglund, for ports on Kauai at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for ports on Maui, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Nawiliwili and Hanalei, at 4 p. m.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Lahaina, Honokaa and Kukuhaele, at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.
From Hawaii, per stmr. Helene, August 20—C. Kinney, Mrs. J. Uhlhuf and 5 on deck.

From San Francisco, per O. S. S. Australia, August 20—Mrs. H. Z. Austin, W. E. Beckwith, E. N. Bee, Mrs. Brenig, R. S. Brewster, G. C. Brooke, Edw. G. Cooke, W. T. Currier and wife, W. E. Dean, Miss F. Dresbach, G. De La Vergne, J. Fernandez and wife, Mrs. M. Gardner, Mrs. N. E. Gedge and two children, Mrs. G. R. Grau, Mrs. M. F. Gray, Hon. F. M. Hatch and wife, Miss D. Heltman, Miss B. Heltman, W. H. Hobron, Miss L. S. Hutchins, W. A. Jones, Mrs. W. S. Lake, J. A. Low, Miss Ethel R. Lyman, Leverett H. Meisick, David Mollison, W. J. Morse, John Muir, Maj. S. A. Muhlhauer, Milton Perkins, Mrs. E. W. Peterson and child, E. J. Rector and wife, Miss Mary E. Rice, M. N. Saunders, Miss C. A. Schweizer, David W. Scott, M. M. Scott, Mrs. H. Silver, Miss T. Treadwell and maid, M. M. Tuft, F. Waldron, G. M. Welty, Dr. J. M. Whitney.

From Maui ports, per stmr. Claudine, August 22—Miss J. N. Gearhardt, Miss J. Robinson, Miss M. Alexander, Miss Kelsey, Mrs. Meek and child, W. Stodart, L. R. Medeiros, J. L. Stevens, H. C. Mossman, C. von Hamm, G. E. Rugg, Mrs. Hakulole, Miss Hakulole, Miss Aikue, Mrs. Devanchelle, Brother Michael, Brother Richard, Brother Theodore, Thomas Ayers, C. E. Rosecrans, H. C. Allen, C. S. Holloway, F. E. Hime, Father Mathias, E. Devanchelle, P. H. Dodge and wife, Father Pamphile and 60 on deck.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. Mikahala, August 22—H. P. Baldwin, Miss Gaudin, Miss Kahale, Dr. Krammer and servant, Mrs. Goodacre, Miss Goodacre, Mr. Ledgate, Mr. Brash, the Misses Walker, Miss Alexander, Miss Ellwell, Miss Hundley, Mrs. R. C. Spalding, Mr. Hundley and wife, Miss

Lowell, Mr. Mahuka, O. Crowell, D. Colville and 59 on deck.
From Kauai, per stmr. Ke Au Hou, August 21—Mrs. Hart and eight on deck.
From Hamakua, per stmr. Noeau, August 23—Mrs. L. de L. Ward, Miss Alice Rickard, Miss Florence Rickard, C. Anderson and 4 on deck.
From San Francisco, per bk. Mohican, August 23—Mr. and Mrs. Otto Breiback, J. M. Hale, F. Abrams, David Keating.

Departures.

For Maui and Hawaii, per stmr. Kinau, August 20—Volcano: Mr. and Mrs. Currier. Way ports: H. E. Hendrick, Miss C. Nakapua, Miss Kanehaku, J. P. Cooke, L. G. Torbert, J. B. Edw. Madden, R. L. Auerbach, J. B. Gibson, Mrs. Torbert, Miss Aikue, H. Wood, C. F. Furneaux, Mrs. M. Kaepa, W. Lemon, G. K. Wilder and wife, Geo. Hapal, G. W. A. Hapal, C. G. Campbell, Mr. Plunkett, Robert Fraser, A. Berry, L. Vasconcellos, J. Cooper, J. N. Bell, D. Kanewani, C. S. Desky, Miss J. Deyo, Miss Willis, N. E. May, Frank Dutra, J. Wilcox, Mr. Faw, Miss West, Miss Mary Brown, Mrs. Richard, Mrs. Nakapua and 2 children, Mrs. Newcomb and niece, W. G. Walker, Fred Beckley, F. M. Wakefield, Mrs. Kaina and 63 deck.
For Hawaii, per stmr. Hawaii, July 21—Dr. Yamamoto.

IMPORTS.

From San Francisco, per bk. Mohican, August 23—583 bbls. flour, 175,974 lbs. barley, 80,634 lbs. bran, 124,700 lbs. rolled barley, 27,000 bricks, 33,426 lbs. middlings, 125 cs. gasoline, 98 bbls. furniture, 12 cs. sewing machines, 10 cs. dry goods, 399 pkgs. millwork, 3 cs. hardware, 1,064 bales hay, 15,000 lbs. powder, 3 cs. caps, 48,470 lbs. oats, 20,000 lbs. fertilizer, 1 cow, 3 horses, 27 pkgs. machinery, 10 coils rope, 6 coils leather, 15 pkgs. saddlery, 39 pkgs. wagon material.

—THE—

Kohala Girls' School

Will begin its term on MONDAY, September 6th. 1891-2t

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

by the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
Barometer	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
Thermometer	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
Wind	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE	ENE
Force	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

	High Tide	Low Tide	Sun Rise	Sun Set	Moon Rise	Moon Set
Aug. 23	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 24	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 25	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 26	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 27	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 28	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 29	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 30	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
Aug. 31	5:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	5:41 a.m.	6:22 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.

New moon Aug. 27, at 4h. 59m. p. m.
The tides and moon phases are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in the group are in local time, to which the respective corrections to standard time applicable to each different port should be made.
The standard time whistle sounds at 5h. 0m. 0s. (midnight), Greenwich time, which is 1h. 30m. p. m. of Hawaiian Standard time.

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Steamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco or Vancouver on or about the following dates in 1897:

ARRIVE	LEAVE
from San Francisco	for San Francisco
Alameda ..Aug. 25	Aorangi ..Aug. 25
Peru ..Aug. 31	Australia ..Aug. 25
Aorangi ..Sept. 1	Warrimoo ..Sept. 8
Septic ..Sept. 9	Gaelic ..Sept. 4
Australia ..Sept. 14	Peking ..Sept. 14
Mariposa ..Sept. 14	Moana ..Sept. 16
Warrimoo ..Sept. 28	Australia ..Sept. 24
Gaelic ..Sept. 28	Doric ..Sept. 24
Peking ..Sept. 28	Miwera ..Oct. 1
Australia ..Oct. 12	Belgie ..Oct. 12
Moana ..Oct. 21	Alameda ..Oct. 14
Miwera ..Oct. 26	Australia ..Oct. 20
China ..Oct. 28	Peru ..Oct. 22
Belgie ..Nov. 6	Aorangi ..Oct. 29
Australia ..Nov. 9	R. Janeiro ..Nov. 9
Alameda ..Nov. 18	Mariposa ..Nov. 11
Aorangi ..Nov. 25	Australia ..Nov. 17
Coptic ..Nov. 25	Gaelic ..Nov. 19
R. Janeiro ..Dec. 4	Warrimoo ..Nov. 26
Australia ..Dec. 7	Moana ..Dec. 9
Mariposa ..Dec. 16	Doric ..Dec. 10
Warrimoo ..Dec. 21	Australia ..Dec. 15
Peking ..Dec. 25	China ..Dec. 19
Miwera ..Dec. 24	

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

United States Branch Hydrographic Office, Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, Cal.

Captains of vessels touching at any of the ports of the Hawaiian Islands, by communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, will be furnished with the Monthly Pilot Charts of the North Pacific, and with the latest information regarding the dangers of navigation in the regions which they frequent.

Nautical inquiries will be investigated and answered.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publications of the Pilot Charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES,

Lieutenant, U. S. Navy, in Charge.

BY AUTHORITY.

JOHN BUSH, ESQ., has this day been appointed an Agent to Take Acknowledgments to Labor Contracts for the District of Hanalei, Island of Kauai.
J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, August 23, 1897.
1892-3t

On Saturday, September 11, 1897, at Court House, North Kohala, will be sold under special conditions of cultivation and improvement, 10 lots in Awini, North Kohala, of from 20 to 90 acres each in area.

At the same time and place will be sold for cash Lot No. 80, Puukapu, Waimea.

Upset price: \$20.
For further particulars, apply to Charles Williams, Honokaa, Hamakua, or at Office of Public Lands, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN,
Agent of Public Lands.
August 9, 1897. 1892-td

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Executor of the will of Joseph Lazarus, late of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Joseph Lazarus, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to him at his office on Fort Street, Spreckels' block, Honolulu, Island of Oahu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.

Dated Honolulu, August 7, 1897.
J. S. WALKER,
Executor of the Will of Joseph Lazarus, Deceased. 1889-4tf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned, duly appointed executrix of the will of the late Francis Spencer, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to present the same duly authenticated at her place of abode in Waimea, South Kohala, Island of Hawaii, within six months from date, or they will be forever barred. And all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

MARTHA N. SPENCER,
Executrix of the Will of Francis Spencer, Deceased.
Dated Waimea, Hawaii, August 6, 1897. 1888-td

FOR SALE.

The property belonging to the Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Company, including lands, leases, buildings, tools, etc., is offered for sale.

For particulars, apply at the office of Messrs. F. A. Schaefer & Co., or at the office of the Manager at Kailua, Hawaii.

Per order: WM. W. HALL,
Secretary, Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Company. 4693-td 1892-tf

TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

—1897—

S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.
Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maialaea Bay and Makana the same day; Mahukona, Kailua and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same afternoon.

LEAVE HONOLULU.

Tuesday ..Aug. 31	Tuesday ..Nov. 2
*Friday ..Sept. 10	*Friday ..Nov. 12
Tuesday ..Sept. 21	Tuesday ..Nov. 23
Friday ..Oct. 1	Friday ..Dec. 3
*Tuesday ..Oct. 12	*Tuesday ..Dec. 14
Friday ..Oct. 22	Thursday ..Dec. 24

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips marked.

Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kawahae same day; Makana, Maialaea Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVE HONOLULU.

Friday ..Aug. 27	Tuesday ..Nov. 9
Tuesday ..Sep. 7	Friday ..Nov. 19
Friday ..Sep. 17	Tuesday ..Nov. 30
Tuesday ..Sep. 28	Friday ..Dec. 10
Friday ..Oct. 8	Tuesday ..Dec. 21
Tuesday ..	